

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product identifier	: VOC 15-30
Product name	: STANDOX VOC PERFORMANCE HARDENER 15-30
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: 4024669793222; 4024669793277
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 23 May 2024
Version	: 1.2
Date of previous issue	: 22 May 2024

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	: Coating component.	
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consum	ers.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Axalta Coating Systems Ger	many GmbH & Co. KG
Christbusch 25	
DE 42285 Wuppertal	
+49 (0)202 529-0	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sds-competence@axalta.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +(44)-870-8200418
Hours of operation	:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture Classification according to UK CLP/GHS Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/23/2024	Date of previous issue : 5/22/	2024 Version : 1.2 1/17
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	:	Danger
Contains	:	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers n-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene 3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers
Hazard statements	:	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	:	 P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	EUH204 - Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

3.2 Mixtures :	Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	REACH #: 01-2119485796-17 EC: 931-274-8 CAS: 28182-81-2	≥50 - ≤75	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119539452-40 EC: 905-588-0	≥10 - ≤23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
3-Isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	REACH #: 01-2119488734-24 EC: 931-312-3 CAS: 53880-05-0	≤10	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing	

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO_2 , powders, water spray or mist.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may
substance or mixture		cause a health hazard.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures						
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.				
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".				
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.				

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections	See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO_2 will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/23/2024	Date of previous issue	: 5/22/2024	Version : 1.2	5/17
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STANDOX VOC PERFORMANCE HARDENER 15-30

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [isocyanates,
	all, except methyl isocyanate] Inhalation sensitiser.
	STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³ , (as -NCO) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as -NCO) 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [isocyanates,
isocyanate, oligomers	all, except methyl isocyanate] Inhalation sensitiser.
, · · · · ·	STEL: 0.07 mg/m³, (as -NCO) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as -NCO) 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures		national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous
		substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
3-Isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.29 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
J	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.58 mg/m³	Workers	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	150 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Marine water	12.7 µg/l	-
, , , ,	Fresh water	1270 µg/l	-
	Sediment	266700 mg/kg	-
	Soil	53200 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	38.28 mg/kg	-
	Plant		
n-butyl acetate	Soil	0.09 mg/kg	-
-	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	35.6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
e of issue/Date of revision : 5/23/2024	Date of previous issue	: 5/22/2024	Version : 1.2

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

3	SECTION 6. Exposure controls/personal protection						
		Marine water sediment	0.098 mg/kg	-			
	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-			
		Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-			
		Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-			
		Plant					
		Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-			
		Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-			
		Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-			
		1					

8.2 Exposure controls

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be exposed to any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function	n should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Occupational exposure controls.)
Individual protection measur	res

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves	 Duration / breakthrough time: <1 hour, Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber, material thickness as splash protection: at least 0.2 mm, (EN374) Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber Material thickness for short-term contact: at least 0.5 mm, (EN374)
	The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:
	Expert judgment
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	 Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Date of issue/Date of revision

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection					
Respiratory protection	 By spraying: air-fed respirator. By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask. 				
	Under cool, dry conditions, it is possible for the isocyanate to remain unreacted in the paint film for up to 30 hours after application. If dry flatting is unavoidable, air-fed respiratory protective equipment should be used.				
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.				

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Colour	:	Clear.	
Odour	:	Not available.	
Odour threshold	:	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	:	Technically not possible to measure	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	125 to 203°C (257 to 397.4°F)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Lower: 1% Upper: 7.5%	
		Not available.	
	_		
Flash point Auto-ignition temperature	:	Closed cup: 29.5°C (85.1°F) 280°C (536°F)	
Decomposition temperature	-	Not applicable.	
pH		Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Dynamic (room temperature): 20 mPa·s Kinematic (room temperature): 19 mm ² /s Kinematic (40°C): 12.4 mm ² /s	
Solubility in water	:	Not available.	
Miscible with water	:	No.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	:	0.48 kPa (3.6 mm Hg)	
Relative density	:	Not available.	
Density	:	1.029 g/cm³	
Vapour density	:	Not available.	
Explosive properties	:	Not available.	
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.	
Weight volatiles	:	38.9 % (w/w)	
VOC content	:	38.9 % (w/w)	(2010/75/EU)

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Flow time (ISO 2431) : 21 s (room temperature) [Jet diameter: 4 mm] Further information Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/23/2024	Date of previous issue	: 5/22/2024	Version :1

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

 Miscible with water
 : No.

Further information Not available.

room temperature (=20°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity					
10.1 Reactivity	: The product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide.				
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).				
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: In closed containers, pressure build-up could result in distortion, expansion and, in extreme cases, bursting of the container.				
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.				
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.				
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.				
	Not applicable				

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers, 3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	18500 mg/m ³	1 hours
diisocyanate, oligomers	mists			
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	6350 to 6700	4 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene			ppm	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	121236 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 to 4000	-
			mg/kg	
Hydrocarbons, C9,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-
aromatics				
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	3492 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
mixture	N/A	7730.1	N/A	16.7	2.9
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	21.1	N/A
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	3492	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Teratogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

	ng	redient name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nformation on likely routes f exposure	:	Not available.	
Potential acute health effects	3		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause cer cause drowsiness or dizziness. M	ntral nervous system (CNS) depression. May lay cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause	an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system and enters airways.	n (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed
		al, chemical and toxicological cl	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the pain or irritation watering redness	he following:
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	he following:
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include th irritation redness	he following:
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the nausea or vomiting	he following:
Delayed and immediate effec	:ts	as well as chronic effects from s	hort and long-term exposure
Short term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	-	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.	
I and term exposure		Not available.	
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	•		
Potential immediate	-	Not available.	
Potential immediate effects	:		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health effe</u> Not available.	: ect		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health effe</u>	: ect	S Not available. May cause damage to organs thro	ough prolonged or repeated exposure. Once ion may occur when subsequently exposed to ver
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health effe</u> Not available. Conclusion/Summary	: ect :	 Not available. May cause damage to organs throsensitized, a severe allergic reaction 	ion may occur when subsequently exposed to ver
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health effe</u> Not available. Conclusion/Summary General	: ect : :	S Not available. May cause damage to organs thro sensitized, a severe allergic reaction low levels.	ion may occur when subsequently exposed to ver itical hazards.
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health effe</u> Not available. Conclusion/Summary General Carcinogenicity	: ect : :	 Not available. May cause damage to organs throsensitized, a severe allergic reaction low levels. No known significant effects or critical content of the second second	ion may occur when subsequently exposed to ver itical hazards. itical hazards.
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health effe</u> Not available. Conclusion/Summary General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity	: ect : :	 Not available. May cause damage to organs throsensitized, a severe allergic reaction low levels. No known significant effects or critical content of the second second	ion may occur when subsequently exposed to ve itical hazards. itical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - danio rerio	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 185 ppm Marine water	Fish - Inland silverside - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute EC50 2.2 mg/l	Algae - Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	73 hours
	Acute LC50 1 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia - Daphnia magna	24 hours
	Acute LC50 2.6 mg/l	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 16 mg/l	Micro-organism - Activated sludge - Activated sludge	28 days
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	-	1 % - Not readily - 2	28 days	-	Activated sludge
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysi	s	Biodegradability
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	-		-		Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	5.54	367.7	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.16	-	Low
3-Isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	14.48	-	High

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

STANDOX VOC PERFORMANCE HARDENER 15-30

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Type of packaging	Waste catalogue

	Type of packaging		Waste catalogue
		15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
Special precautions		taken when Empty conta residues ma container. D	I and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. iners or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product y create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	Ш	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

ADR/RID	: <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
ADN	: The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758 STANDOX VOC PERFORMANCE HARDENER 15-30

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk: Notaccording to IMOinstruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions	Not applicable.
on the manufacture,	
placing on the market	
and use of certain	
dangerous substances,	
mixtures and articles	

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

National regulations

Product/ingredient name List name Name on list Classification Notes

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	:	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/23/2024	Date of previous issue	: 5/22/2024	Version : 1.2 15	5/17
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STANDOX VOC PERFORMANCE HARDENER 15-30

SECTION 16: Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B	
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2	
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
Date of issue/ Date of	of : 5/23/2024	
revision		

revision	
Version	: 1.2
Date of previous issue	: 5/22/2024

Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758 STANDOX VOC PERFORMANCE HARDENER 15-30

SECTION 16: Other information

is to be used in combination with other products, Axalta encourages you to read and understand the SDS for all products prior to use.

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