AkzoNobel Vehicle Refinishes Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes bv



sikkens

This product is for the professional painting of vehicles only after reference to the manufacturer's data sheet.

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

**1.1 Product identifier** 

Product name: Spot Primer Red (Aerosol)MSDS code: S51901

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified us	ses
Car and vehicle refinishing	
Uses advised against	Reason
For professional use only.	

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer	: Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes bv Rijksstraatweg 31 2171 AJ Sassenheim The Netherlands Phone: +31 (0)71 308 6944 www.sikkensvr.com
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: PSRA_SSH@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Po	<u>oison Center</u>
Telephone number	: Not available.
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: + 31 (0)71 308 6944
Hours of operation	: 24 hours

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. Ingredients of unknown : 2.9 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown toxicity toxicity See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>Pressurized container: may burst if heated.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazardous ingredients	: acetone
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requiren	<u>nents</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.2 Other hererde	

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do : Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
			<b>Classification</b>		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]	).	Туре
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dimethyl ether	REACH #:	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[2]
,	01-2119472128-37		Press. Gas Comp. Gas,	
	EC: 204-065-8		H280	
	CAS: 115-10-6		1.200	
	Index: 603-019-00-8			
acetone	REACH #:	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
accione	01-2119471330-49	10 - 220	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	1.11-1
	EC: 200-662-2		STOT SE 3, H336	
	CAS: 67-64-1		EUH066	
hutonono	Index: 606-001-00-8	-10	Flow Lin 0 LIODE	[1] [2]
butanone	REACH #:	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[['][2]
	01-2119457290-43		Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
	EC: 201-159-0		STOT SE 3, H336	
	CAS: 78-93-3		EUH066	
	Index: 606-002-00-3			
n-butyl acetate	REACH #:	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	01-2119485493-29		STOT SE 3, H336	
	EC: 204-658-1		EUH066	
	CAS: 123-86-4			
	Index: 607-025-00-1			
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	EC: 231-944-3	≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	[1]
	CAS: 7779-90-0		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
	Index: 030-011-00-6		(M=1)	
Isopropyl alcohol	EC: 200-661-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
1 19	CAS: 67-63-0		Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
	Index: 603-117-00-0		STOT SE 3, H336	
xylene	EC: 215-535-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
,	CAS: 1330-20-7	-	Acute Tox. 4, H312	
	Index: 601-022-00-9		Acute Tox. 4, H332	
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
			Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
			STOT SE 3, H335	
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	REACH #:	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[2]
acetate	01-2119475791-29			l,
acelale	EC: 203-603-9			
	CAS: 108-65-6			
	Index: 607-195-00-7			
			See Section 16 for the full	
			text of the H statements	
			declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

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[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
		• •

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	avoid vapor In addition, other source protected to Mixture ma from one co Operators s conducting Keep away Avoid conta mist arising sanding. Eating, drin handled, st	r concentrations higher the the product should only b tes of ignition have been of the appropriate standard y charge electrostatically ontainer to another. should wear antistatic foo type. from heat, sparks and fla	an the occupational be used in areas from excluded. Electrical ed d. always use earthing twear and clothing a ame. No sparking too roid the inhalation of his mixture. Avoid inh be prohibited in area	n which all naked lights and equipment should be g leads when transferring nd floors should be of the ols should be used. dust, particulates, spray or halation of dust from as where this material is
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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. **Information on fire and explosion protection** Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapors in all cases. In such circumstances, they should wear a compressed-air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until the particulate and solvent vapor

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

concentrations have fallen below the exposure limits.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.	
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.	
solutions		

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient	name		Exposure limit values							
dimethyl ether			United Kingdom (U	K), 12/2011).						
		STEL: 958 mg/m <sup>3</sup>								
		STEL: 500 ppm 1 TWA: 400 ppm 8								
		TWA: 766 mg/m <sup>3</sup>								
acetone		•	United Kingdom (U	K), 12/2011).						
		STEL: 3620 mg/m		,, ,						
		STEL: 1500 ppm								
		TWA: 1210 mg/m								
		TWA: 500 ppm 8	hours.							
butanone			United Kingdom (U	K), 12/2011). A	bsorbe	d				
		through skin.								
		STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup>								
		STEL: 300 ppm 1								
		TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>								
		TWA: 200 ppm 8								
n-butyl acetate		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).								
		STEL: 966 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	15 minutes.							
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		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 724 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Isopropyl alcohol		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
		STEL: 1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 999 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
xylene		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
-		through skin.
		STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl aceta	to	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
2-memoxy-1-memplemplaceta		through skin.
		STEL: 548 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 274 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
<b>DNELs/DMELs</b> No DNELs/DMELs available. <b>PNECs</b> No PNECs available.	atmosphere or of the ventilatio protective equip the following: E the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atm for the measure	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness n or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory oment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with a measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
.2 Exposure controls		
		to vontilation. Whore reasonably practicable, this should be
Appropriate engineering controls	achieved by the these are not s	ate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be e use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If ufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapors , suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection measur	es	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking Appropriate tec Wash contamir	prearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. chniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. nated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection		wear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: neoprene May be used: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. **Body protection** : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibers or of hightemperature-resistant synthetic fibers. Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use **Respiratory protection** ÷. appropriate, certified respirators. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used. Treatments such as sanding, burning off etc of paint films may generate hazardous dust and/or fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. Work in well ventilated areas. Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P3) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P3 till concentrations of 0.5 Vol%.) **Thermal hazards** : If there is a risk of contact with the liquid, all protective equipment worn should be suitable for use with extremely low temperature materials. **Environmental exposure** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. controls

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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рН	: Acidic.			
Odor threshold	: Not available.			
Odor	: Characteristic.			
Color	: Product Specific Information			
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Appearance				

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

	,		
Melt	ting point/freezing point	÷	Not available.
	al boiling point and ing range	1	11°C
Flas	sh point	÷	Closed cup: -41°C
Eva	poration rate	1	Not available.
Flan	nmability (solid, gas)	÷	Not available.
	er/lower flammability or losive limits	:	Lower: 2.6% Upper: 18.6%
Vap	or pressure	1	693.3 kPa [room temperature]
Vap	or density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 2.59 (Air = 1)
Rela	ative density	÷	0.832
Solu	ubility(ies)	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Part wate	tition coefficient: n-octanol/ er	:	Not available.
Auto	o-ignition temperature	1	235°C
Dec	omposition temperature	1	Not available.
Visc	cosity	1	Kinematic (room temperature): 0.900921 cm <sup>2</sup> /s
Ехр	losive properties	÷	Not available.
Oxio	dizing properties	;	Not available.
9.2 O	ther information		
<u>Aero</u>	osol product		
Ту	pe of aerosol	1	Spray
He	at of combustion	1	24.46 kJ/g
No a	additional information.		

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dimethyl ether	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	308000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
	56232.1 mg/kg 562.3 mg/l		

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-
butanone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information									
				milligrams					
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-				
				milligrams					
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-				
				milligrams					
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-				
	Even Mederate irritent	Rabbit		milligrams					
	Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		10 milligrams 100	-				
		Tabbit	-	milligrams	-				
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500	-				
				milligrams					
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-				
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-				
				milligrams					
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-				
	Ohim Madagata initaat	Data		microliters					
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-				
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 100 Percent	-				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	Į			<u> </u> ]				
<u>Sensitization</u>									
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.								
<u>Mutagenicity</u>									
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.								
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>									
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.								
Reproductive toxicity									

#### Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone butanone n-butyl acetate Isopropyl alcohol xylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

#### Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus -	42 days
		Larvae	
butanone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 to 6440000 µg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Fresh water	Larvae	
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 62000 μg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 µg/l	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl ether	0.07	-	low
acetone	-0.23	-	low
butanone	0.3	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	high
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

<u>Product</u>		
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.	
Hazardous waste	Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.	
Disposal considerations	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.	

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation		
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances		
Packaging			
Methods of disposal	pressure ves	on of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty sels should be returned to the supplier. Waste packaging should be ineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not	
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>		
Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)	
CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances	
Special precautions		and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.	

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Spot Primer Red (Aerosol)
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SECTION 14:	Transport information		
	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)		2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	Yes.	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No.
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Limited quantity 1 L <u>Special provisions</u> 190, 327, 625, 344 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D)	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules (EmS) F-D, S-U Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 959	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <b>Passenger and Cargo</b> <u>Aircraft</u> Quantity limitation: 75 kg Packaging instructions: 203 <u>Cargo Aircraft Only</u> Quantity limitation: 150 kg Packaging instructions: 203 <u>Limited Quantities -</u> <u>Passenger Aircraft</u> Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y203 <u>Special provisions</u> A145, A167, A802

**14.6 Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk: Not applicable.according to Annex II ofMARPOL and the IBC Code

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

<u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

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Spot Primer Red (Aerosol)

## AkzoNobel

SECTION 15: Regula	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Other EU regulations	
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not applicable.
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Listed
Ozone depleting substand	:es (1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (F	<u>'IC) (649/2012/EU)</u>
Not listed.	
Aerosol dispensers	:
	3
	Extremely flammable
Seveso Directive	
major accident hazards.	e calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive or
National regulations	
Industrial use	: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

to the use of this product at work.

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

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own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety

legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.
Assessment	

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

CEPE code	: 1			
Indicates informati	on that has changed from previously issued version.			
Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>			

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if
	heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS	5]
Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	AEROSOLS - Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1

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Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Gas 1, H220		SERIOUS EYE DA FLAMMABLE GAS	MAGE/ EYE IRRITA ES - Category 1	TION - Category 2	
EUH066		Repeated exposure	e may cause skin dry	ness or cracking.	
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		ASPIRATION HAZ	ARD - Category 1	0 /	

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2



### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Flam. Liq. 2, H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
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#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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