

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Spot Primer Blue (Aerosol)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Spot Primer Blue (Aerosol)
SDS code	: S51897

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Industrial use	
	Uses advised against
All other uses	
Product use	: FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY
.3 Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet
Akzo Nobel Car Refini Rijksstraatweg 31 2171 AJ Sassenheim The Netherlands + 31 (0)71 308 6944 www.sikkensvr.com	shes bv
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: PSRA_SSH@akzonobel.com
.4 Emergency telephone nun	nber
National advisory body/Poise	on Centre
Telephone number	: +44 (0)344 892 0111
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: + 31 (0)71 308 6944
Hours of operation	: 24 hours

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	acetone
Supplemental label elements	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>Its</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.



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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

				Specific Cono	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
dimethyl ether	REACH #: 01-2119472128-37 EC: 204-065-8 CAS: 115-10-6 Index: 603-019-00-8	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280	-	[1] [2]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥20 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
butanone	REACH #: 01-2119457290-43 EC: 201-159-0 CAS: 78-93-3 Index: 606-002-00-3	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
TRIZINC BIS (ORTHOPHOSPHATE)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3	≤5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 905-588-0 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 5000 ppm	[1] [2]
Cellulose nitrate	CAS: 9004-70-0	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	-	[1]
Isopropyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤3	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]
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SECTION 3: Com	position/informat	ion on in	gredients		
2-butoxyethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475112-47 EC: 203-933-3 CAS: 112-07-2 Index: 607-038-00-2	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	ey	nmediately flush eyes with plenty of v yelids. Check for and remove any co inutes. Get medical attention.		
Inhalation	lf m or re lf M wa	emove victim to fresh air and keep a it is suspected that fumes are still pr pask or self-contained breathing appar if respiratory arrest occurs, provide ersonnel. It may be dangerous to the suscitation. Get medical attention. unconscious, place in recovery posi- laintain an open airway. Loosen tigh aistband. In case of inhalation of de e delayed. The exposed person may or 48 hours.	esent, the rescuer should aratus. If not breathing, if artificial respiration or oxy e person providing aid to o If necessary, call a poisor tion and get medical atten t clothing such as a collar composition products in a	wear an appropriate breathing is irregular gen by trained give mouth-to-mouth center or physician. tion immediately. , tie, belt or fire, symptoms may
Skin contact	R	/ash skin thoroughly with soap and v emove contaminated clothing and sl /ash clothing before reuse. Clean sl	noes. Get medical attention	on if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	sv dr in th at m	/ash out mouth with water. Remove wallowed and the exposed person is rink. Stop if the exposed person feel duce vomiting unless directed to do be head should be kept low so that vo ttention. If necessary, call a poison of bouth to an unconscious person. If u nedical attention immediately. Mainta s a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	conscious, give small qua ls sick as vomiting may be so by medical personnel. omit does not enter the lur center or physician. Neve nconscious, place in reco	antities of water to dangerous. Do not If vomiting occurs, ngs. Get medical r give anything by very position and get
Protection of first-aiders	is m	o action shall be taken involving any suspected that fumes are still prese ask or self-contained breathing appa roviding aid to give mouth-to-mouth r	nt, the rescuer should we aratus. It may be dangero	ar an appropriate
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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the nstructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid preathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respondent when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment	om he l. id pirator
For emergency responders	f specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any nformation in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the nformation in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, dra and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environm pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be har o the environment if released in large guantities. Collect spillage.	nental

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

information on hygiene measures.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold	
P3a	150 tonne	500 tonne	
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne	

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	



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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
dimethyl ether	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 958 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 766 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 3620 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
butanone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
butanono	through skin.
	STEL: 899 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
leanrond alashal	
Isopropyl alcohol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 1250 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 999 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 332 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 133 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 hours.



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
	documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
dimethyl ether	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	471 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1894 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 62 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1210 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2420 mg/ m ³	Workers	Local
butanone	DNEL	Long term Oral	31 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	106 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	412 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1161 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic
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	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.8 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	Workers	
leanrany alashal		Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Isopropyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day 89 mg/m³	General population General	Systemic Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	319 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 500 mg/m ³	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
2-butoxyethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	bw/day 8.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	bw/day 36 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 72 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 80 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 120 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	bw/day 133 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	169 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	200 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	333 mg/m³	Workers	Local
ethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
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	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	General population	Local			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m³	General population	Systemic			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	General population	Local			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	General population	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	Workers	Local			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/ m³	Workers	Local			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic			

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls							
Appropriate engineering controls	:	contaminants below any recor	g controls to keep worker expo nmended or statutory limits. T s, vapour or dust concentratior	sure to airborne he engineering			
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>						
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working perio Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.					
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.					
Skin protection							
Hand protection	:		dling chemical products if a ris g the parameters specified by t es are still retaining their prote to breakthrough for any glove r nufacturers. In the case of mi	k assessment indicates he glove manufacturer, ctive properties. It material may be xtures, consisting of			
		protection class of 6 (breakthr recommended. Recommende When only brief contact is exp (breakthrough time >30 minut Recommended gloves: Nitrile	repeated contact may occur, a ough time >480 minutes accor ed gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thi bected, a glove with protection es according to EN374) is reco , thickness ≥ 0.12 mm. gularly and if there is any sign of	ding to EN374) is ckness ≥ 0.38 mm. class of 2 or higher ommended.			
		The performance or effectiver chemical damage and poor m	less of the glove may be reduc aintenance.	ed by physical/			
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Colour	:	Blue.			
Odour	:	Not available.			
Odour threshold	:	Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	11°C (51.8°F)			
Flammability	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosion limit	:	Lower: 2.6% Upper: 18.6%			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -41°C (-41.8°F) [Pe	ensky-Marten	s]	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	235°C (455°F)			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
рН	:	Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic: 90 mm ² /s [DIN EN IS	SO 3219]		
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water		Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.			
Vapour pressure	:	693.3 kPa (5200 mm Hg)			
Relative density	:	0.832 [ISO 8130-2/-3]			
Vapour density	:	Not available.			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2	0-3-2024	Version	:1	
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SECTION 9: Physical	and chemical properties
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm	n : 0
9.2 Other information	
Heat of combustion	: 24.34 kJ/g
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
SECTION 10: Stability	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Acute toxicity



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dimethyl ether	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	308000 mg/m ³	4 hours
, ,	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	164000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Mouse	93000 mg/m ³	15 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Mouse	72600 mg/m ³	30 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	309 g/m ³	4 hours
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Mouse	44 g/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	50100 mg/m ³	8 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1297 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	5500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
butanone	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Mouse	32 g/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	23500 mg/m ³	8 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	2 g/kg	_
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	616 mg/kg	-
				-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	607 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Mouse	6 g/m³	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	
Departion many of				- 1 houro
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
Cellulose nitrate	LD50 Oral	Mouse	>5 g/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	16000 ppm	- 8 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		onours
			12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	2560 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	4477 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	667 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	2735 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	1509 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	1184 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	1088 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	6410 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	
2 butowyothyl apotata	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		-
2-butoxyethyl acetate			1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2400 mg/kg	-
ethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1600 ppm	8 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Mouse	45 g/m³	2 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	709 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4.1 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4100 mg/kg	-
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

 g			
LD50 Oral	Rabbit	4935 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
LD50 Subcutaneous	Guinea pig	3 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Product as-supplied	N/A	44573.4	202606.4	N/A	N/A
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	N/A	1100	5000	N/A	N/A
2-butoxyethyl acetate	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 UI	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
butanone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 402	-
		D 11 1		mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		Dabbit		mg	
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Reaction mass of	Even Mild irritant	Rabbit		mg 97 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rappil	-	87 mg	-
ethylbenzene and xylene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 5	
	Eyes - Severe initalit	Rabbit	-		-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	_	mg 8 hours 60 UI	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		100 %	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500	
		T CODDIC		mg	_
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
-					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
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					Almablab

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butanone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ethyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. **of exposure**

Potential acute health effects

Potential acute nealth	enects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effect	ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 11493300 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 11727900 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 7550000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8098000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
		dubia - Neonate	
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7810000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8800000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 7280000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6210000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 8120000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 ml/L Marine water	Algae - Karenia brevis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
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	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Bosminidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Chydoridae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Macrothricidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Maxillopoda	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 1 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 1 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	4 weeks
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	4 weeks
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
butanone	Acute EC50 >500 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water		96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Cellulose nitrate	Acute EC50 579000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours 48 hours
	Acute EC50 9550 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6550000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9640000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 10400000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
		dubia - Neonate	
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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758 Soot Primer Blue (Aerosol)

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	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 1600000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 175000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 560000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 295000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Acute LC50 484000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 425300 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	32 days

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl ether	0.07	-	low
acetone	-0.23	-	low
butanone	0.3	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Reaction mass of	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene and xylene			
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	low
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Date of issue/Date of revision	ue/Date of revision : 20-3-2024 Version : 1		
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	19/25	AkzoNobel

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

<u>I TOULOL</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	 Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

-		
Waste code	Waste designation	
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. 	
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		2.1	2.1
Date of issue/Date of revi Date of previous issue	ision : 20-3-2024 : No previous validation	Version : 1 20/25	AkzoNobel

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14.4 Packing group	-		-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.		Marine Pollutant(s): trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	tion			
ADR/RID		sizes of ≤5 L <u>Limited qua</u>	<u>ntity</u> 1 L̃ <u>visions</u> 190, 327, 625, 344	s not required when transported in
IMDG		Emergency	oollutant mark is not required when tr <u>schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>visions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 959	ansported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ		transportation Quantity lim 203. Cargo Passenger A	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. <u>Special provisions</u> A145, A167, A802 	
14.6 Special precau user	itions for	upright and s	vithin user's premises: always trans secure. Ensure that persons transpor an accident or spillage.	
14.7 Maritime trans bulk according to I instruments	•	: Not applicabl	le.	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
UK (GB) /REACH	

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions: Not applicable.on the manufacture,
placing on the market
and use of certain
dangerous substances,
mixtures and articles: Not applicable.Other EU regulations
VOC: The provisions

	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the
	product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
lv-for-Use	: Not available.

VOC for Ready-for-Us Mixture



Spot Primer Blue (Aerosol)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial emissions : Listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

2

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Aerosol dispensers



Extremely flammable

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category P3a

E2

National regulations

Biocidal products regulation

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Date of	issue/Date of revision
Date of	previous issue



Spot Primer Blue (Aerosol)

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
Abbroviations and
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
-	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if
,	heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]



Spot Primer Blue (Aerosol)

SECTION 16: Other information

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Acute Tox. 4		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aerosol 1		AEROSOLS - Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1		SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Gas 1A		FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A
Flam. Liq. 2		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Met. Corr. 1		CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
Press. Gas (Comp.)		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Skin Corr. 1B		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 1		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
		EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
		EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
		Category 3
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Version	: 1	

Notice to reader

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Spot Primer Blue (Aerosol)

