

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product identifier	: 3380
Product name	: Permacron® Reducer
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: 4025331236825; 4025331236849
Date of issue	: 17 January 2024
Version	: 1.22
Date of previous issue	: 14 January 2024
1.2 Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Solvent.
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.
1.3 Details of the supplier of	f the safety data sheet
Axalta Coating Systems Ger Christbusch 25 DE 42285 Wuppertal +49 (0)202 529-0	many GmbH & Co. KG
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sds-competence@axalta.com
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	umber
<u>Supplier</u> Telephone number	+ +(44) 970 9200419
Telephone number	: +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

:

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336

Hours of operation

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Contains	:	5-methylhexan-2-one n-butyl acetate
Hazard statements	:	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	:	P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
5-methylhexan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119472300-51 EC: 203-737-8 CAS: 110-12-3 Index: 606-026-00-4	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 2, H361 (inhalation)	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of 2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one and 4,6- dimethylheptan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2120966674-40 EC: 955-941-8	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

: 1/14/2024

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758 Permacron® Reducer

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures 1 Description of first aid measures

Eve contact	
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Inhalation	 No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Permacron® Reducer	
SECTION 4: First aid	measures
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
4.3 Indication of any immedi	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ing measures
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.	

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other	τ.	See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections		See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
		See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values			
5-methylhexan-2-one	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed			
	through skin.			
	STEL: 475 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 95 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.			
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).			
	STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.			

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
5-methylhexan-2-one	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	21.5 ppm	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	14.2 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	5.12 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.12 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.8125 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	146.5 mg/ m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	196.3 mg/ m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	14.2 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	100.25 mg/	Workers	Systemic
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Reaction mass of 2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one and 4,6- dimethylheptan-2-one	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	53 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
annourymeptan-2-0ne	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
5-methylhexan-2-one	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant	Ũ	
	Soil	0.166 mg/kg	-
	Sediment	0.112 mg/kg	-
	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	-
	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
n-butyl acetate	Soil	0.09 mg/kg	-
-	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.098 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of 2,6-dimethylheptan-4-or	ne Fresh water	0.03 mg/l	-
te of issue/Date of revision : 1/17/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/14/2024	Version : 1.22

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<u> </u>	be then be exposure controls/personal protection				
	and 4,6-				
	dimethylheptan-2-one				
		Marine water	0.003 mg/l	-	
		Fresh water sediment	0.46 mg/kg	-	
		Marine water sediment	0.046 mg/kg	-	
		Sewage Treatment	2.55 mg/l	-	
		Plant			
		Soil	0.075 mg/kg	-	

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If
controls	these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly before eating, smoking and using the lavate Appropriate techniques should be used to Wash contaminated clothing before reusing safety showers are close to the workstation	bry and at the end of the working period. emove potentially contaminated clothing. g. Ensure that eyewash stations and
Eye/face protection	Use safety eyewear designed to protect ag	
Eyenace protection	Use salely eyewear designed to protect ag	allist spiasti of liquius.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: polyethylene/ethylene vinyl alcohol (PE/EVAL) May be used: nitrile rubber
	The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:
	Expert judgment
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	 Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

_	
<u>Appearance</u>	

Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Colour	:	Clear.	
Odour	:	Not available.	
Odour threshold	:	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	:	Technically not possible to measure	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	125 to 169°C (257 to 336.2°F)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Lower: 0.8% Upper: 8.2%	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	345°C (653°F)	
Decomposition temperature	;	Not applicable.	
рН	;	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Not available.	
Solubility in water	:	Not available.	
Miscible with water	:	No.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	:	0.79 kPa (5.9 mm Hg)	
Relative density	:	Not available.	
Density	:	0.826 g/cm³	
Vapour density	:	Not available.	
Explosive properties	:	Not available.	
Oxidising properties	;	Not available.	
Weight volatiles	:	100 % (w/w)	
VOC content	;	98.2 % (w/w)	(2010/75/EU)

room temperature (=20°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.			
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.			

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Not applicable

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
5-methylhexan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11.11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
mixture	N/A	N/A	7117.4	15.8	N/A
5-methylhexan-2-one	3200	N/A	5000	11.11	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	21.1	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Sensitisation

Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Teratogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Date of issue/Date of revision

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes : Not available.

Not available.

of exposure	
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
	ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Other information	: Not available.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/17/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/14/2024 Version : 1.22 10/

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
5-methylhexan-2-one	Acute LC50 159000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 100 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
5-methylhexan-2-one	1.88	-	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3		Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.		
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.		
Packaging			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
Type of packaging	Waste catalogue		
	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances		

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	•			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional informat	tion			

Additional information

ADR/RID : <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)

14.6 Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk: Not available.according to IMOinstruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

<u>UK (GB)/REACH</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

<u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category

P5c

National regulations

Product/ingredient name

Name on list

Classification

Notes

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

List name

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	:	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 2, H361	Calculation method Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
Full text of classifications		

Acute Tox. 4 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 STOT SE 3	CUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 _AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Catego PECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICIT		Category 3	
Date of printing	: 1/17/2024			
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 1/17/2024			
Date of previous issue	: 1/14/2024			
Date of issue/Date of revisio	: 1/17/2024 Date of previous	issue : 1/14/2024	Version : 1.22 13/	/14

SECTION 16: Other information

Version

: 1.22

Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) content is believed to be accurate as of its issue date, but is subject to change as new information is received by Axalta Coatings Systems, LLC or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates (Axalta). This SDS may incorporate information that has been provided to Axalta by its suppliers. Users should ensure that they are referring to the most current version of the SDS. Users are responsible for following the precautions identified in this SDS. It is the users' responsibility to comply with all laws and regulations applicable to the safe handling, use, and disposal of the product.

Users of Axalta products should read all relevant product information prior to use, and make their own determination as to the suitability of the products for their intended use. Except as otherwise required by applicable law, AXALTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The information on this SDS relates only to the specific product identified in Section 1, Identification, and does not relate to its possible use in combination with any other material or in any specific process. If this product is to be used in combination with other products, Axalta encourages you to read and understand the SDS for all products prior to use.

© 2022 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.