

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

: 1010R
: High Solids Activator Fast
: Liquid.
: 1250003138
: 22 April 2025
: 1.15
: 16 December 2024

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	: 0	Coating component.
Uses advised against	: N	Not for sale to or use by consumers.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Axalta Coating Systems Germany GmbH & Co. KG Christbusch 25 DE 42285 Wuppertal +49 (0)202 529-0 e-mail address of person : sds-competence@axalta.com responsible for this SDS

Axalta Coating Systems UK Ltd. Unit 1, Quadrant Park, Mundells GB Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire, AL7 1FS +44 (0)1707 518 000

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition

: Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758 High Solids Activator Fast

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Contains	 P-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Toluene diisocyanate, oligomeric reaction products with 2,2'-oxydiethanol and propylidenetrimethanol Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers m-tolylidene diisocyanate
Hazard statements	 H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	: EUH204 - Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
pr-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119539452-40 EC: 905-588-0	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
Toluene diisocyanate, oligomeric reaction products with 2,2'- oxydiethanol and propylidenetrimethanol	EC: 500-120-8 CAS: 53317-61-6	≥10 - ≤25	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	REACH #: 01-2119485796-17 EC: 931-274-8 CAS: 28182-81-2	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	REACH #: 01-2119454791-34 EC: 247-722-4 CAS: 26471-62-5 Index: 615-006-00-4	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 1, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures					
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.				
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.				
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.				
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.				
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.				

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray or mist.		
:	Do not use water jet.		
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture			
:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.		
:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.		
	: rom :		

5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections	See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
₽5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits						
p -butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (U	K), 1/2020)			
	STEL 15 minutes:	966 mg/m³.				
	STEL 15 minutes:	200 ppm.				
	TWA 8 hours: 724	mg/m³.				
	TWA 8 hours: 150	ppm.				
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (U	K), 1/2020) [is	ocyana	tes,	
	all, except methyl isocyanate] Inhalation sensitiser.					
	STEL 15 minutes:	0.07 mg/m ³ (as -NC	O).			
	TWA 8 hours: 0.02	2 mg/m ³ (as -NCO).	,			
ethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (U	K), 1/2020)			
-	STEL 15 minutes:	400 ppm.				
	TWA 8 hours: 200	ppm.				
	STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m ³ .					
	TWA 8 hours: 734	mg/m³.				
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL 15 minutes: 548 mg/m ³ .
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 274 mg/m ³ .
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [isocyanates,
	all, except methyl isocyanate] Inhalation sensitiser.
	STEL 15 minutes: 0.07 mg/m³ (as -NCO).
	TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as -NCO).
Biological exposure indices	

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres -Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
<mark>n</mark> -butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 3.4 mg/kg bw/day	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m³		Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and cylene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
y	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
lexamethylene diisocyanate, ligomers	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
°	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
ethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 ppm	Workers	Systemic

ECTION 8: Exposure cor	-	•	-		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	367 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	367 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population	-
	DNEL	Short term	734 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Short term	734 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³ Ö		-
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	DNEL	Long term	151 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
-		Inhalation	, J		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ		
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ŭ		

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-butyl acetate	Soil	0.09 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	35.6 mg/l	-
	Plant	Ū.	
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.098 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-
	Plant	Ŭ	
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Marine water	12.7 µg/l	-
	Fresh water	1270 µg/l	-
	Sediment	266700 mg/kg	-
	Soil	53200 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	38.28 mg/kg	-
	Plant	0.0	
ethyl acetate	Fresh water sediment	1.15 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water	0.24 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	0.115 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.148 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	650 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	
	Marine water	0.024 mg/l	-
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

).635 mg/l	1
.055 mg/i	-
).0635 mg/l	-
00 mg/l	-
3.29 mg/kg dwt	-
).329 mg/kg dwt	-
).29 mg/kg dwt	-
00 8.2 9.3	0 mg/l 29 mg/kg dwt 329 mg/kg dwt

8.2 Exposure controls

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be exposed to any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung functi	on should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Occupational exposure controls.)

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eve/face protection	 Use safety evenear designed to protect against splash of liquids

Eye/face protection

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves	 Duration / breakthrough time: <1 hour, Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber, material thickness as splash protection: at least 0.2 mm, (EN374) Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber Material thickness for short-term contact: at least 0.5 mm, (EN374)
	The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:
	Expert judgment
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	 Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Respiratory protection	 By spraying: air-fed respirator. By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.
	Under cool, dry conditions, it is possible for the isocyanate to remain unreacted in the paint film for up to 30 hours after application. If dry flatting is unavoidable, air-fed respiratory protective equipment should be used.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Clear.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Technically not possible to measure
Initial boiling point and	: 70 to 203°C (158 to 397.4°F)
boiling range	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or	: Lower: 0.7%
explosive limits	Upper: 11.4%
Lower and upper explosive	: Not available.
(flammable) limits	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 16°C (60.8°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 280°C (536°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): 69 mPa⋅s Kinematic (room temperature): 69 mm²/s Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

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Solubility(ies)

Media		Result	
cold water		Partially soluble	
Solubility in water	: 1	Not available.	
Miscible with water	: 1	No.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: 1	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	: `	I.4 kPa (10.3 mm Hg)	
Relative density	: 1	Not available.	
Density	: ().993 g/cm³	
Vapour density	: 1	Not available.	
Explosive properties	: 1	Not available.	
Oxidising properties	: 1	Not available.	
Weight volatiles	: 6	61.3 % (w/w)	
VOC content	: 6	61.3 % (w/w)	(2010/75/EU)

9.2 Other information

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Flow time (ISO 2431) : 53 s (room temperature) [Jet diameter: 4 mm]

Further information Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water : No.

Further information Not available.

room temperature (=20°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity 10.1 Reactivity : The product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide. 10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). 10.3 Possibility of : In closed containers, pressure build-up could result in distortion, expansion and, in hazardous reactions extreme cases, bursting of the container. 10.4 Conditions to avoid : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. **10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols. 10.6 Hazardous : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric decomposition products isocyanates.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains Toluene diisocyanate, oligomeric reaction products with 2,2'-oxydiethanol and propylidenetrimethanol, Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers, m-tolylidene diisocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction. <u>Acute toxicity</u>

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	6350 to 6700	4 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene			ppm	
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	121236 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 to 4000	-
			mg/kg	
Hexamethylene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	18500 mg/m ³	1 hours
diisocyanate, oligomers	mists			
ethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	22.6 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-
aromatics				
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	3492 mg/kg	-
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	107 mg/m³	4 hours

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
mixture	N/A	5149.8	N/A	27.9	8.3
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	21.1	N/A
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
ethyl acetate	5620	20001	N/A	22.6	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	3492	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.005

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
-	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Teratogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
h-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
te of issue/Date of revision : 4/22/2025 Date of	previous issue : 12/	16/2024	Version : 1.15 12/

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

m-tolylidene diisocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)			

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

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General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
other information	: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
	Acute LC50 185 ppm Marine water	Fish - Inland silverside - Menidia beryllina	96 hours	
	Acute EC50 2.2 mg/l	Algae - Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	73 hours	
	Acute LC50 1 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia - Daphnia magna	24 hours	
	Acute LC50 2.6 mg/l	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 16 mg/l	Micro-organism - Activated sludge - Activated sludge	28 days	
-	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - danio rerio	96 hours	
	Acute EC50 2500 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 750 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Scud - Gammarus pulex	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 154 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 212.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Indian catfish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 2.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	32 days	
	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
-	-	1 % - Not readily - 2	8 days	-	Activated sludge
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	•		•	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	6	Biodegradability
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	-		-		Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

SECTION 12: Ecological information

BECHON 12. Ecological information				
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.16	-	Low	
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	5.54	367.7	Low	
ethyl acetate m-tolylidene diisocyanate	0.68 3.43	30 -	Low Low	

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
08 05 01*	waste isocyanates

Packaging

•

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue			
	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances		
Special precautions	 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care shoul taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from pr residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cl thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact v soil, waterways, drains and sewers. 			

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID ADN IMDG						
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263		
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL		
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3		
14.4 Packing group	11	П	11	11		
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.		
Additional informat	tion		1	+		
ADR/RID : Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel code (D/E) ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when						
transported in tank vessels. Special provisions 640 (C)						
14.6 Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in						

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not available.
according to IMO	
instruments	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

the event of an accident or spillage.

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions	Not applicable.
on the manufacture,	
placing on the market	
and use of certain	
dangerous substances,	
mixtures and articles	

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

₽5c

National regulations

Date of issue/Date of revision

S	ECTION 15: Regulat	ory informatio	on		
	Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	:	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration	019
RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

High Solids Activator Fast

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 1	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 1				
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4				
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2				
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3				
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1				
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2				
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2				
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2				
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3				
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1				
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2				
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1				
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2				
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3				
Date of issue/ Date of	: 4/22/2025				
revision					
Version	: 1.15				

Date of	previous	issue	:	12/16/2024

Notice to reader

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