

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

# **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

1.1 Product identifier	
Product identifier	: MIX 191
Product name	: STANDOBLUE BASECOAT MIX 191 TRANSPARENT
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: 4024669502916; 4024669622768; 4024669628746; 4024669863253
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 23 May 2024
Version	: 1.22
Date of previous issue	26 April 2024

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	: Coating component.
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Axalta Coating Systems Ger	many GmbH & Co. KG
Christbusch 25	
DE 42285 Wuppertal	
+49 (0)202 529-0	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sds-competence@axalta.com

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +(44)-870-8200418
Hours of operation	:

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Contains	: 1-pentanol	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: P280 - Wear eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.	
Response	P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for severa minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	al
Storage	: Not applicable.	
Disposal	: Not applicable.	
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT o vPvB.	r a
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.	

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures :	Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
1-pentanol	REACH #: 01-2119491284-34 EC: 200-752-1 CAS: 71-41-0 Index: 603-200-00-1	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
2-dimethylaminoethanol	REACH #: 01-2119492298-24 EC: 203-542-8 CAS: 108-01-0 Index: 603-047-00-0	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
N,N-dimethylisopropylamine	REACH #: 01-2119969062-37 EC: 213-635-5	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331	[1]
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients				
				triethylamine

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

# Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	from	ו the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		

ele / la rice l'el ill'elignitere		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Due to the organic solvents content of the mixture:

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections	See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Due to the organic solvents content of the mixture:

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

#### Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 35°C (41 to 95°F). Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient nam	e Expos	ure limit values
acetone 2-dimethylaminoethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Ki STEL: 3620 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes TWA: 500 ppm 15 minutes TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Ki STEL: 22 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.	tes. s. ingdom (UK), 1/2020).
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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

k	
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 7.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
triethylamine	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
-	through skin.
	STEL: 17 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 4 ppm 15 minutes.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures		national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous
-		substances will also be required.

# **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
1-pentanol	DNEL	Long term	20 ppm	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	5	population	
	DNEL	Long term	73.16 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		
	DNEL	Short term	218 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	292 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DITLE	Inhalation	202 mg/m	Wontoro	Loodi
acetone	DNEL	Long term	500 ppm	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	ooo ppin	WORKERS	Oysternie
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term Derma	bw/day	VIOINEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long torm	1210 mg/	Workers	Svotomio
	DINEL	Long term	m <sup>3</sup>	WOIKEIS	Systemic
		Inhalation		\A/	Lasal
	DNEL	Short term	2420 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		
2-dimethylaminoethanol	DNEL	Short term Dermal	100 µg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.148 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.25 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	0.43755	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	mg/m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		-
	DNEL	Long term	1.76 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ũ		
	DNEL	Long term	1.76 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5		,
	DNEL	Short term	5.28 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	<u>-</u>		-,
	DNEL	Short term	13.53 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>		
N,N-dimethylisopropylamine	DNEL	Long term	0.32 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DITLE	Inhalation	0.02 mg/m	population	Looal
	DNEL	Long term	0.32 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	0.02 mg/m	population	Oysternie
	DNEL	Long term	3.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	5.0 mg/m	VVUINCIS	LUCAI
			2.6 ma/m <sup>3</sup>	Workora	Svetomia
	DNEL	Long term	3.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	7.0 mm / 3	\\/ a #k a #-	
	DNEL	Short term	7.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
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SECT	ON 8: Exposure con	trols/p	ersonal prote	ction		
		DNEL	Inhalation Short term Inhalation	7.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Oral	0.33 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	9.22 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
triethy	lamine	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.1 mg/	Workers	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
1-pentanol	Fresh water	0.12 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.012 mg/l	-
	Secondary Poisoning	1.2 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.496 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0496 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	37 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Soil	1.068 mg/kg	-
acetone	Fresh water	10.6 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	1.06 mg/l	-
	Sediment	30.4 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	3.04 mg/kg	-
	Soil	29.5 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant		
2-dimethylaminoethanol	Fresh water	0.066 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.007 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.01 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	10 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	

12.1 mg/ kg bw/day

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection measu	lres	<u>8</u>
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection Hand protection		

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves	Duration / breakthrough time: <1 hour, Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber, material thickness as splash protection: at least 0.2 mm, (EN374) Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber Material thickness for short-term contact: at least 0.5 mm, (EN374)
	The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:
	Expert judgment
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
	Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.
Environmental exposure controls	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/23/2024	Date of previous issue	: 4/26/2024	Version : 1.22	8/1
Auto-ignition temperature	: 300°C (5	572°F)			
Flash point	: Closed c	up: 67°C (152.6°F) [Pro	oduct does not sustai	in combustion.]	
	Not avail	able.			
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Lower: 1 Upper: 1				
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not avail	able.			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 100 to 13	39°C (212 to 282.2°F)			
Melting point/freezing point		ally not possible to meas	sure		
Odour threshold	: Not avail	able.			
Odour	: Not avail	able.			
Colour	: Milky.				
Physical state	: Liquid.				
<u>Appearance</u>					

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties					
Decomposition temperature	: 1	Not applicable.			
рН	: 7	7.5 to 8.5			
Viscosity		Dynamic: 213 mPa·s Kinematic: 210 mm²/s			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water		Soluble			
Solubility in water	: 1	Not available.			
Miscible with water	: `	Yes.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: 1	Not applicable.			
Vapour pressure	: '	1.9 kPa (14.5 mm Hg)			
Relative density	: 1	Not available.			
Density	: `	1.013 g/cm³			
Vapour density	: 1	Not available.			
Explosive properties	: 1	Not available.			
Oxidising properties	: 1	Not available.			
Weight volatiles	: 7	76.5 % (w/w)			
VOC content	: 3	7.6 % (w/w) (2010/75/EU)			

# 9.2 Other information

# 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Further information Not available.

#### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water	:	Yes.
Further information Not available.		

room temperature (=20°C)

<b>SECTION 10: Stabilit</b>	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
	Not applicable

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

# Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1-pentanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male	2860 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3030 mg/kg	-
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
2-dimethylaminoethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1641 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	2 g/kg	-
N,N-dimethylisopropylamine	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2500 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	684 mg/kg	-
triethylamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	460 mg/kg	-

# Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
mixture	N/A	220896.8	399171.7	174.4	N/A
1-pentanol	3030	2860	N/A	11	N/A
acetone	5800	2001	N/A	21	N/A
2-dimethylaminoethanol	2000	1100	1641	N/A	N/A
N,N-dimethylisopropylamine	684	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A
triethylamine	460	300	N/A	3	N/A

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-pentanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 uL	-
•	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	81 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
				3200 mg	
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
2-dimethylaminoethanol	Eyes - Oedema of the	Rabbit	3	-	-
-	conjunctivae				
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	5 uL	-

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	gical information					
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	445 mg	-	
triethylamine	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	365 mg	-	

# **Sensitisation**

**Mutagenicity** 

**Carcinogenicity** 

# Reproductive toxicity

**Teratogenicity** 

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-pentanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-dimethylaminoethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
N,N-dimethylisopropylamine	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
triethylamine	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

# Aspiration hazard

Not available.

# Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

# Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

# Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Other information

# : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
1-pentanol	Acute EC50 714 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia</i> <i>magna</i>	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 180 ppm Marine water	Fish - Inland silverside - Menidia beryllina	96 hours	
	Chronic EC10 0.059 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 10 mg/l	Fish	35 days	
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Ulva</i> <i>pertusa</i>	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Calanoid copepod - <i>Acartia tonsa</i> - Copepodid	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Guppy - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphnia - Daphniidae	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia</i> <i>magna</i> - Neonate	21 days	
2-dimethylaminoethanol	Acute EC50 98.37 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
,	Acute LC50 146.63 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours	
N,N-dimethylisopropylamine	EC50 5.38 mg/l	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours	
, <b>,</b> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	EC50 38.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
	LC50 31.6 mg/l	Fish - Leucidus idus	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 1.73 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days	
triethylamine	Acute LC50 24 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	
-	Acute NOEC 1.1 mg/l	Algae	72 hours	
	Acute NOEC 12 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours	

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
1-pentanol	OECD 310 Ready Biodegradability - CO2 in Sealed	100 % - Readily - 18 days	-	-
	Vessels (Headspace Test)			
2-dimethylaminoethanol	OECD 302C Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)	60.5 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
triethylamine	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test	80.3 % - Readily - 29 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
1-pentanol	-	-	Readily
2-dimethylaminoethanol	-	-	Readily
N,N-dimethylisopropylamine	-	-	Not readily
triethylamine	-	-	Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1-pentanol	1.51	-	Low
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
2-dimethylaminoethanol	-0.55	-	Low
triethylamine	1.45	<0.5	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### **12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u> Methods of disposal	:	Disposal of with the req any regiona products via	tion of waste should be this product, solutions a uirements of environme I local authority requirer a a licensed waste dispo the sewer unless fully tion	and any by-products s ental protection and w nents. Dispose of su osal contractor. Wast	should at all tim aste disposal le Irplus and non-l te should not be	es comp egislatio recyclab e dispos	on and ble sed of
Hazardous waste	:	Yes.					
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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 19*	aqueous suspensions containing paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

# <u>Packaging</u>

Methods	of	disposal
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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		Waste catalogue
	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
Special precautions	taken when Empty conta	al and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. ainers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of al and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ			
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	9003	Not regulated.	Not regulated.			
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	SUBSTANCES WITH A FLASH-POINT ABOVE 60 °C AND NOT MORE THAN 100 °C (1-pentanol, acetone)	-	-			
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	9	-	-			
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-			
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.			

# Additional information

ADN

: The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk: Not available.according to IMOinstruments

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

# Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes	

# International regulations

# Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	:	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available</li> </ul>
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method	

# Full text of abbreviated H statements

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

# Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3	
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Skin Corr. 1A	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A	
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
Date of issue/ Date of	of : 5/23/2024	

revision	-	
Version	:	1.22
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#### Notice to reader

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**SECTION 16: Other information**