Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 18 June 2024

Version : 1.04



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: DELTRON PROGRESS UHS DG VIOLET
Product code	: D6087/E1
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
	45AN-V3A3-S005-SY45
1.2 Relevant identified use	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/	: Coating.

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Industries (UK) Ltd. Needham Road, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 2AD, UK Tel: +44 (0) 1449 773 338 PPG Industries Italia S.r.l., Via Comasina, 121, 20161 Milano, Italy Tel: +39 02 6404.1

e-mail address of person : Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

mixture

- Company emergency telephone number : +44 (0) 1449 773 338 (0900-1600)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture Classification according to UK CLP/GHS Flam. Lig. 3, H226

Repr. 2, H361d

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



		1
Storage	: Not applicable.	
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.	
Precautionary statements Prevention	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.	
Signal word Hazard statements	 Warning Flammable liquid and vapour. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. 	

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	1/16

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SECTION 2: Hazards	Jentification
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P202, P280, P210, P308 + P313, P501
Supplemental label elements	Contains 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate and 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>its</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

- not result in classification
- ieh ay ury ıy

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
<mark>万</mark> -methylhexan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119472300-51 EC: 203-737-8 CAS: 110-12-3 Index: 606-026-00-4	≥10 - <25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 2, H361d (inhalation)	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥5.0 - ≤11	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥5.0 - ≤8.7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
4-methylpentan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	<1.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	REACH #: 01-2119431597-33 EC: 247-979-2 CAS: 26761-45-5	≤0.30	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
2-hydroxyethyl acrylate	REACH #: 01-2119459345-34 EC: 212-454-9 CAS: 818-61-1 Index: 607-072-00-8	<0.10	Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	[1]
English (GB)	United K	ingdom (UK)		2/1

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared	
above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

<u>Folential acule fiealth en</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	r <u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
4.3 Indication of any imm	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may l

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

be delayed.

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SECTION 4: First aid	measures		
Specific treatments	: No specific t	treatment.	
SECTION 5: Firefight	ting measu	ires	
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry che	emical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use v	water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substa	nce or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	In a fire or if	liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may creat f heated, a pressure increase will occur and the subsequent explosion.	
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposit carbon oxide nitrogen oxid		rials:
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	there is a fire suitable train	blate the scene by removing all persons from re. No action shall be taken involving any pe ning. Move containers from fire area if this c spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	rsonal risk or without
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		s should wear appropriate protective equipme pparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece opera	
SECTION 6: Acciden	tal release	measures	

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drain and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environme pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in a appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry in sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with r combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous ear and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13 Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for	nto non- arth 5).
English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	4/16

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Occupational	exposure	limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
5-methylhexan-2-one	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 475 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 95 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
4-methylpentan-2-one	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 416 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 208 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices		
4-methylpentan-2-one	4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE / METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE		

procedures

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
-methylhexan-2-one	DNEL	Long term Oral	5.12 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
-	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.12 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	14.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.8125 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	100.25 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	146.5 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	196.3 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m ³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
,	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m ³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
4-methylpentan-2-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m ³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m ³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m³	Workers	Local
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
2,3-epoxypropyl	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
neodecanoate			4		0
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.88 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
2-hydroxyethyl acrylate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.4 mg/m ³	Workers	Local

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
5-methylhexan-2-one	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	1.12 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.112 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	0.166 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.635 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.0635 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.29 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant		-
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	Fresh water	0.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.06 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	27.5 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	8.27 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.83 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	1.3 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u> Hand protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	 For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: May be used: Chloroprene, butyl rubber Not recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK) 8/16
Auto-ignition temperature	:
Flash point	: Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.8% Upper: 9% (5-methylhexan-2-one)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: liquid
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Melting point/freezing point	 May start to solidify at the following temperature: -66°C (-86.8°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate. Weighted average: -77.28°C (-107.1°F)
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Colour	: Red.
Physical state	: Liquid.
Appearance	

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
р	H : Not app Not app	licable. licable. insoluble in	water.	

	Not applicable. Insolu
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room tem

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: Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Solubility(ies)

	Media	Result
	cold water	Not soluble
N	Aiscible with water : N	lo.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	V	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
n-butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2				
Relative density	: 1.03	3	Į				
Vapour density		hest knowr rage: 4.12		(2-methoxy-	1-methylet	hyl acetate). Weighte	
Explosive properties			self is not explosive, with air is possible.	but the forma	ation of an e	explosible mixture of	
Oxidising properties Particle characteristics	: Pro	duct does ı	not present an oxidiz	ing hazard.			
Median particle size	: Not	applicable					

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
-methylhexan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5657 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
2,3-epoxypropyl	LD50 Dermal	Rat	3800 mg/kg	-
neodecanoate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9.6 g/kg	-
2-hydroxyethyl acrylate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.154 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.54 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
ELTRON PROGRESS UHS DG VIOLET	N/A	N/A	27614.5	N/A	N/A
5-methylhexan-2-one	5657	8140	5000	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	9600	3800	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-hydroxyethyl acrylate	N/A	300	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary	: Not availa						
Skin	There are	no data availa	able on the mixtur	e itself.			
Eyes	: There are	no data availa	able on the mixtur	e itself.			
Respiratory	: There are	no data availa	able on the mixtur	e itself.			
Sensitisation							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are	no data availa	able on the mixtur	e itself.			
Respiratory	: There are	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	no data availa	able on the mixtur	e itself.			
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	no data availa	able on the mixtur	e itself.			
Reproductive toxicity							
Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose		
			1				

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
5-methylhexan-2-one	-	-	Equivocal		Inhalation: 1250 ppm	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential	acute	health	effects
<u>i otoritiui</u>	aoato	Hould	0110010

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
· ·	•
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
Long term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
Potential chronic health effects			
Not available.			

English (GB)

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
-methylhexan-2-one	Acute LC50 159 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Acute EC50 3.5 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4.8 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.6 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	·	•

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
-methylhexan-2-one	OECD 301D	67 % - Readily - 28 da	ys -	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 28 da		-
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 da	ys -	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	OECD 301F	83 % - Readily - 28 da	ys -	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available			
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-lif	e Pl	notolysis	Biodegradability
- methylhexan-2-one	-	-		Readily
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	-	-		Readily
acetate				
n-butyl acetate	-	-		Readily
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	-		Readily
2,3-epoxypropyl	-	-		Not readily
neodecanoate				

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
5-methylhexan-2-one	1.88	-	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	4.4	-	High
2-hydroxyethyl acrylate	-0.17	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

English (GB)

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc): Not available.Mobility: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes

Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		Waste catalogue
Container	15 01 04	metallic packaging
Special precautions	taken wher Empty cont residues m container. thoroughly	al and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be a handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. tainers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product ay create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with ways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	III	Ш	III
English (C	GB)	United Kingdom	(UK)	13/16

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14.5 Environmental hazards		No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine polluta substances	nt	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Additional info	rmat	tion			
ADR/RID		This class 3 viscous liqu 2.2.3.1.5.1.	id is not subject to regula	tion in packagings up to 4	50 L according to
Tunnel code	:	(D/E)			
ADN		This class 3 viscous liqu 2.2.3.1.5.1.	id is not subject to regula	tion in packagings up to 4	50 L according to
IMDG	11	This class 3 viscous liqu	id is not subject to regula	tion in packagings up to 4	50 L according to 2.3.2.5
ΙΑΤΑ	: 1	None identified.			

14.7 Transport in bulk: Not available.according to IMOinstruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>UK (GB)/REACH</u>

the event of an accident or spillage.

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
	RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data	
Repr. 2, H361d	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
History	
Date of issue/ Date of	: 18 June 2024
revision	
Date of previous issue	e : 13 March 2024
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Version	: 1.04
<u>Disclaimer</u>	

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SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.