

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

**Product identifier** : AM86

**Product name** : Centari® Mastertint® Opaque Red

**Product type** : Liquid.

Other means of

: 1250073580; 1250091834; 6926418123749

identification Date of issue

: 11 February 2024

Version : 1.04

Date of previous issue 24 October 2023

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Coating component.

Uses advised against : Not for sale to or use by consumers.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Axalta Coating Systems Germany GmbH & Co. KG

Christbusch 25 DE 42285 Wuppertal

+49 (0)202 529-0 e-mail address of person

: sds-competence@axalta.com

responsible for this SDS

Axalta Coating Systems UK Ltd. Unit 1, Quadrant Park, Mundells

GB Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire, AL7 1FS

+44 (0)1707 518 000

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number +(44)-870-8200418

Hours of operation

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 **STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373** 

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Ingredients of unknown toxicity

: 1.8 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity

Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity

Contains 1.8% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word : Warning

**Contains** : Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**Storage** : Not applicable. **Disposal** : Not applicable.

Supplemental label

elements

: EUH208 - Contains Fatty acids, linseed-oil, reaction products with 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol and formaldehyde, methyl methacrylate, n-butyl methacrylate and 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name  | Identifiers   | %         | Classification   | Type    |
|--|---|-----------|--|---------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene   | REACH #:<br>01-2119539452-40<br>EC: 905-588-0   | ≥25 - ≤50 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 3,<br>H412                   | [1]     |
| n-butyl acetate  | REACH #:<br>01-2119485493-29<br>EC: 204-658-1<br>CAS: 123-86-4                        | ≥10 - ≤18 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>EUH066  | [1] [2] |
| isopentyl acetate  | REACH #:<br>01-2119548408-32<br>EC: 204-662-3<br>CAS: 123-92-2<br>Index: 607-130-00-2 | ≤1.6      | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>EUH066   | [1] [2] |
| tetrahydrofuran  | REACH #:<br>01-2119444314-46<br>EC: 203-726-8<br>CAS: 109-99-9<br>Index: 603-025-00-0 | <1        | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Carc. 2, H351<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>EUH019  | [1] [2] |
| Fatty acids, linseed-oil, reaction products with 2-amino-2- (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol and formaldehyde | REACH #:<br>01-2120771590-53<br>EC: 279-510-2<br>CAS: 80584-99-2                      | <1        | Skin Sens. 1B, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 3,<br>H412  | [1]     |
| methyl methacrylate  | REACH #:<br>01-2119452498-28<br>EC: 201-297-1<br>CAS: 80-62-6                         | <1        | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>STOT SE 3, H335   | [1] [2] |
| n-butyl methacrylate   | REACH #:<br>01-2119486394-28<br>EC: 202-615-1<br>CAS: 97-88-1                         | <1        | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1B, H317<br>STOT SE 3, H335  | [1]     |
| 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate  | REACH #:<br>01-2119459345-34<br>EC: 212-454-9<br>CAS: 818-61-1<br>Index: 607-072-00-8 | ≤0.18     | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | [1]     |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Турє

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance

for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash

clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been

swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a

collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may

cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion

products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide,

carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to

drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

### Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

### **Danger criteria**

|     | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |  |
|-----|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| P5c | 5000 tonne                      | 50000 tonne             |  |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values  |
|-------------------------|--|
| n-butyl acetate         | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).  STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.                            |
| isopentyl acetate       | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [pentyl acetates (all isomers)] STEL: 541 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| tetrahydrofuran         | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.      |
| methyl methacrylate     | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 416 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 208 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.                                 |

### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

| Product/ingredient name             | Туре  | Exposure                 | Value                  | Population            | Effects          |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and   | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 212 mg/kg              | Workers               | Systemic         |
| xylene                              | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | bw/day<br>221 mg/m³    | Workers               | Systemic         |
| n-butyl acetate                     | DNEL  | Short term Dermal        | 11 mg/kg<br>bw/day     | Workers               | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term Oral           | 2 mg/kg<br>bw/day      | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Short term Oral          | 2 mg/kg<br>bw/day      | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 3.4 mg/kg<br>bw/day    | General<br>population | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Short term Dermal        | 6 mg/kg<br>bw/day      | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 7 mg/kg<br>bw/day      | Workers               | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Short term Dermal        | 11 mg/kg<br>bw/day     | Workers               | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 12 mg/m³               | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 35.7 mg/m³             | population            | Local            |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 48 mg/m³               | Workers               | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Short term<br>Inhalation | 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population    | Local            |
|                                     | DNEL  | Short term<br>Inhalation | 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Local            |
|                                     | DNEL  | Short term<br>Inhalation | 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |                       | Local            |
|                                     | DNEL  | Short term<br>Inhalation | 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |                       | Systemic         |
| isopentyl acetate                   | DNEL  | Long term Oral           | 1.47 mg/<br>kg bw/day  | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 1.47 mg/<br>kg bw/day  |                       | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 2.95 mg/<br>kg bw/day  | Workers               | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 5.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 20.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |                       | Systemic         |
| tetrahydrofuran                     | DNEL  | Long term Oral           | 1.5 mg/kg<br>bw/day    | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 1.5 mg/kg<br>bw/day    | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 12.6 mg/<br>kg bw/day  | Workers               | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 13 mg/m³               | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Short term Inhalation    | 52 mg/m³               | General population    | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 72.4 mg/m³             |                       | Systemic         |
|                                     | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 75 mg/m³               | General population    | Local            |
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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

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|--|-------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
|  | DNEL  | Short term<br>Inhalation | 96 mg/m³               | Workers               | Systemic  |
|  | DNEL  | Short term<br>Inhalation | 150 mg/m³              | General population    | Local     |
|  | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 150 mg/m³              | Workers               | Local     |
|  | DNEL  | Short term<br>Inhalation | 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Local     |
| Fatty acids, linseed-oil, reaction products with 2-amino-2- (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol and formaldehyde | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 0.467 mg/<br>kg bw/day | Workers               | Systemic  |
| dia formalaonyao   | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 1.64 mg/m³             | Workers               | Systemic  |
| methyl methacrylate  | DNEL  | Short term Dermal        | 1.5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> | General population    | Local     |
|  | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 1.5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> |                       | Local     |
|  | DNEL  | Short term Dermal        | 1.5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> | Workers               | Local     |
|  | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 1.5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> |                       | Local     |
|  | DNEL  | Long term Oral           | 8.2 mg/kg              | General               | Systemic  |
|  | DIVLL | Long term oral           | bw/day                 | population            | Cysternic |
|  | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 8.2 mg/kg              | General               | Systemic  |
|  | DINEL | Long term Dermal         |                        |                       | Systernic |
|  | ראבי  | Long torm Dormal         | bw/day                 | population            | Systemis  |
|  | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 13.67 mg/              | Workers               | Systemic  |
|  | ראובי | Long torm                | kg bw/day              | Conoral               | Cyatamia  |
|  | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 74.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population    | Systemic  |
|  | DNEL  | Long term                | 104 mg/m³              | General               | Local     |
|  | DIVEL | Inhalation               | 104 1119/111           | population            | Lucai     |
|  | DNEL  | Short term               | 208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General               | Local     |
|  | DINEL | Inhalation               | 200 mg/m²              | population            | LUCAI     |
|  | DNEL  | Long term                | 208 mg/m³              | Workers               | Local     |
|  | DIVEL | Inhalation               | 200 mg/m               | AAOIVEIS              | Lucai     |
|  | DNEL  | Long term                | 348.4 mg/              | Workers               | Systemic  |
|  | DINEL | Inhalation               | 346.4 mg/              | VVOINGIS              | Cysternic |
|  | DNEL  | Short term               | 416 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Local     |
|  | DINEL | Inhalation               | -+ 10 mg/m             | VVOIRGIS              | Local     |
| n-butyl methacrylate   | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 3 ma/ka                | General               | Systemic  |
| II-butyi ilietiladi yiate  | DIVEL | Long term Demial         | 3 mg/kg<br>bw/day      | population            | Systemic  |
|  | DNEL  | Long term Dermal         | 5 mg/kg<br>5 w/day     | Workers               | Systemic  |
|  | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 66.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population    | Systemic  |
|  | DNEL  |                          | 366 1 mal              | General               | Local     |
|  | DINEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 366.4 mg/<br>m³        |                       | LUCAI     |
|  | חא⊏ו  |                          |                        | population<br>Workers | Local     |
|  | DNEL  | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 409 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | VVOIKEIS              | Local     |
|  | DNEL  |                          | 115 0 mg/              | Workers               | Systemic  |
|  | DINEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 415.9 mg/<br>m³        | VVOIKEIS              | Systemic  |
| 2 hydroxyothyl acrylete  | חאבו  |                          |                        | Morkors               | Local     |
| 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate  | DNEL  | Long term                | 2.4 mg/m³              | Workers               | Local     |
|  |       | Inhalation               |                        |                       |           |

### **PNECs**

| Product/ingredient name                  | Compartment Detail    | Value           | Method Detail |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Fresh water           | 0.327 mg/l      | -             |
| •  | Marine water          | 0.327 mg/l      | -             |
|  | Sewage Treatment      | 6.58 mg/l       | -             |
|  | Plant                 |                 |               |
|  | Fresh water sediment  | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | -             |
|  | Marine water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | -             |
|  | Soil                  | 2.31 mg/kg      | -             |
| n-butyl acetate                          | Soil                  | 0.09 mg/kg      | -             |
| •  | Fresh water           | 0.18 mg/l       | -             |

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|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------|---|
|                     | Sewage Treatment      | 35.6 mg/l      | - |
|                     | Plant                 |                |   |
|                     | Marine water          | 0.018 mg/l     | - |
|                     | Fresh water sediment  | 0.981 mg/kg    | - |
|                     | Marine water sediment | 0.098 mg/kg    | - |
| isopentyl acetate   | Fresh water           | 0.011 mg/l     | - |
|                     | Marine water          | 0.001 mg/l     | - |
|                     | Fresh water sediment  | 0.335 mg/kg    | - |
|                     | Marine water sediment | 0.034 mg/kg    | - |
|                     | Sewage Treatment      | 30 mg/l        | - |
|                     | Plant                 |                |   |
|                     | Soil                  | 0.06 mg/kg dwt | - |
| methyl methacrylate | Fresh water           | 0.94 mg/l      | - |
|                     | Fresh water sediment  | 10.2 mg/kg dwt | - |
|                     | Marine water          | 0.094 mg/l     | - |
|                     | Marine water sediment | 1.02 mg/kg dwt | - |
|                     | Soil                  | 1.48 mg/kg dwt | - |
|                     | Sewage Treatment      | 10 mg/l        | - |
|                     | Plant                 |                |   |
|                     |                       |                |   |

### 8.2 Exposure controls

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### **Individual protection measures**

### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye/face protection

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

### **Skin protection**

### Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

### **Gloves**

: Duration / breakthrough time: <1 hour,

Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber, material thickness as splash protection: at least 0.2 mm, (EN374)

Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber Material thickness for short-term contact: at least 0.5 mm, (EN374)

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:

Expert judgment

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

### **Body protection**

: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be Other skin protection

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use Respiratory protection appropriate, certified respirators.

> Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If

exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

**Environmental exposure** 

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

controls

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Red.

Odour : Not available. Odour threshold Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Technically not possible to measure

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: 125 to 142°C (257 to 287.6°F)

Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not available. : Lower: 1% Upper: 7.5%

: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F) Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 379°C (714.2°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not applicable. pН : Not applicable.

: Dynamic: 333 mPa·s **Viscosity** 

Kinematic: 326 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility(ies)

| Media      | Result            |
|------------|-------------------|
| cold water | Partially soluble |

Solubility in water : Not available.

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

: 0.64 kPa (4.8 mm Hg) Vapour pressure

Relative density : Not available. : 1.023 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Density : Not available. Vapour density **Explosive properties** : Not available. Oxidising properties : Not available. Weight volatiles : 49.7 % (w/w)

(2010/75/EU) **VOC** content : 49.3 % (w/w)

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

room temperature (=20°C)

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.hazardous reactions

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**10.6 Hazardous** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Not applicable

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Fatty acids, linseed-oil, reaction products with 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol and formaldehyde, methyl methacrylate, butyl methacrylate, 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                 | Species | Dose                    | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| Reaction mass of        | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 6350 to 6700            | 4 hours  |
| ethylbenzene and xylene |                        |         | ppm                     |          |
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 121236 mg/kg            | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 3523 to 4000            | -        |
|                         |                        |         | mg/kg                   |          |
| n-butyl acetate         | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 21.1 mg/l               | 4 hours  |
| -                       | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg            | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 10768 mg/kg             | -        |
| isopentyl acetate       | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg                 | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 16600 mg/kg             | -        |
| tetrahydrofuran         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 1650 mg/kg              | -        |
| methyl methacrylate     | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 78000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
| ,                       | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg                 | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 7872 mg/kg              | -        |

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| n-butyl methacrylate    | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 29 mg/l     | 4 hours |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----|-------------|---------|
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rat | 17900 mg/kg | -       |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat | 16 g/kg     | -       |
| 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate | LD50 Dermal            | Rat | 1001 mg/kg  | -       |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat | 548 mg/kg   | -       |

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Product/ingredient name                  | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapours)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| mixture                                  | N/A              | 3253.5            | N/A                            | 32.9                              | N/A  |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | N/A              | 1100              | N/A                            | 11                                | N/A  |
| n-butyl acetate                          | 10768            | N/A               | N/A                            | 21.1                              | N/A  |
| isopentyl acetate                        | 16600            | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A  |
| tetrahydrofuran                          | 1650             | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A  |
| methyl methacrylate                      | 7872             | N/A               | N/A                            | 78                                | N/A  |
| n-butyl methacrylate                     | 16000            | 17900             | N/A                            | 29                                | N/A  |
| 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate                  | 548              | 300               | N/A                            | N/A                               | N/A  |

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure    | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------|-------------|
| isopentyl acetate       | Skin - Erythema/Eschar   | Rabbit  | 1.7   | -           | -           |
| n-butyl methacrylate    | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 500 uL      | -           |
| 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 10 | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg          |             |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg      | -           |

### **Sensitisation**

| Product/ingredient name  | Route of exposure | Species | Result      |
|--|-------------------|---------|-------------|
| Fatty acids, linseed-oil, reaction products with 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol and formaldehyde | skin              | Mouse   | Sensitising |

## **Mutagenicity**

Carcinogenicity

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Teratogenicity** 

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| n-butyl acetate                          | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| tetrahydrofuran                          | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
|  | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects             |
| methyl methacrylate                      | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| n-butyl methacrylate                     | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Category 2 | -                 | -             |

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### **Aspiration hazard**

| Product/ingredient name                  | Result                         |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on likely routes**: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

: No specific data. Ingestion

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. General

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity

Other information : Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                              | Species                            | Exposure  |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Reaction mass of          | Acute EC50 2.2 mg/l                 | Algae - Algae - Selenastrum        | 73 hours  |
| ethylbenzene and xylene   | _                                   | capricornutum                      |           |
|                           | Acute LC50 1 mg/l                   | Daphnia - Daphnia - <i>Daphnia</i> | 24 hours  |
|                           |                                     | magna                              |           |
|                           | Acute LC50 2.6 mg/l                 | Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus        | 96 hours  |
|                           |                                     | mykiss                             |           |
|                           | Chronic NOEC 16 mg/l                | Micro-organism - Activated         | 28 days   |
|                           |                                     | sludge - Activated sludge          |           |
| n-butyl acetate           | Acute LC50 185 ppm Marine water     | Fish - Inland silverside -         | 96 hours  |
|                           |                                     | Menidia beryllina                  |           |
| isopentyl acetate         | Acute LC50 11.1 mg/l                | Fish                               | 96 hours  |
| tetrahydrofuran           | Acute LC50 2160000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Fathead minnow -            | 96 hours  |
|                           |                                     | Pimephales promelas                |           |
|                           | Chronic NOEC 367 mg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Fathead minnow -            | 33 days   |
|                           |                                     | Pimephales promelas - Embryo       |           |
| Fatty acids, linseed-oil, | EC50 15 mg/l Fresh water            | Algae - Algae                      | 72 hours  |
| reaction products with    |                                     |                                    |           |
| 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl) |                                     |                                    |           |
| -1,3-propanediol and      |                                     |                                    |           |
| formaldehyde              | Acute EC50 4600 mg/l                | Daphnia - Daphnia                  | 48 hours  |
|                           | Acute LC50 4000 flig/l              | Fish - Danio rerio                 | 96 hours  |
|                           | Chronic NOEC 12 mg/l                | Algae - Algae                      | 72 hours  |
| methyl methacrylate       | Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Fathead minnow -            | 96 hours  |
| Thethyr Methacrylate      | Acute LC30 130000 µg/i Flesii watei | Pimephales promelas - Adult        | 90 110015 |
| n-butyl methacrylate      | Chronic NOEC 2.6 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia     | 21 days   |
|                           | Official NOLO 2.0 High Flesh water  | magna - Neonate                    | Lidays    |
| 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate   | Acute LC50 4800 μg/l Fresh water    | Fish - Fathead minnow -            | 96 hours  |
| 2 Hydroxyoutyr doryldto   | 7.64.6 2000 1000 pg/11 10011 water  | Pimephales promelas - Juvenile     | 00110010  |
|                           |                                     | (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)   |           |
|                           |                                     | (                                  |           |

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test  | Result                   | Dose | Inoculum |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------------|------|----------|
| isopentyl acetate       | OECD 301C<br>Ready<br>Biodegradability -<br>Modified MITI<br>Test (I) | 88 % - Readily - 28 days | -    | -        |
| 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate | EU  | 78 % - Readily - 28 days | -    | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

| Product/ingredient name   | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| isopentyl acetate         | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Fatty acids, linseed-oil, | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
| reaction products with    |                   |            |                  |
| 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl) |                   |            |                  |
| -1,3-propanediol and      |                   |            |                  |
| formaldehyde              |                   |            |                  |
| 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate   | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| Product/ingredient name                  | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------|-----|-----------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | 3.16   | -   | Low       |
| n-butyl acetate                          | 2.3    | -   | Low       |
| isopentyl acetate                        | 2.25   | -   | Low       |
| tetrahydrofuran                          | 0.45   | -   | Low       |
| methyl methacrylate                      | 1.38   | -   | Low       |
| n-butyl methacrylate                     | 2.99   | _   | Low       |
| 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate                  | -0.17  | -   | Low       |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### Hazardous waste

: Yes.

### Waste catalogue

| Waste code | Waste designation   |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11*  | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | Waste catalogue |  |  |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|--|
|                   | 15 01 10*       | packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances |  |

### Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

|                                    | ADR/RID | ADN    | IMDG   | IATA   |
|------------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| 14.1 UN number                     | UN1263  | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name       | PAINT   | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| 14.3 Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 3       | 3      | 3      | 3      |
| 14.4 Packing<br>group              | III     | III    | III    | III    |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards   | No.     | Yes.   | No.    | No.    |

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : Tunnel code (D/E)

**ADN** : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

transported in tank vessels.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### **Danger criteria**

## Category

P5c

### **National regulations**

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

| Product/ingredient name | List name | Name on list | Classification | Notes |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-------|
|                         |           |              |                |       |

### **International regulations**

### **Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

assessment

15.2 Chemical safety

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification          | Justification         |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226      | On basis of test data |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315     | Calculation method    |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319      | Calculation method    |
| STOT SE 3, H335         | Calculation method    |
| STOT RE 2, H373         | Calculation method    |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method    |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H225   | Highly flammable liquid and vapour.                                |
|--------|--|
| H226   | Flammable liquid and vapour.                                       |
| H302   | Harmful if swallowed.  |
| H304   | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                      |
| H311   | Toxic in contact with skin.  |
| H312   | Harmful in contact with skin.                                      |
| H314   | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.                           |
| H315   | Causes skin irritation.  |
| H317   | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                               |
| H318   | Causes serious eye damage.   |
| H319   | Causes serious eye irritation.                                     |
| H332   | Harmful if inhaled.  |
| H335   | May cause respiratory irritation.                                  |
| H336   | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                                 |
| H351   | Suspected of causing cancer.                                       |
| H373   | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400   | Very toxic to aquatic life.  |
| H412   | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                 |
| EUH019 | May form explosive peroxides.                                      |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.              |
|        |  |

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### SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 3 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4** Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1B SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3

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### **Notice to reader**

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