

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Colorbuild Plus Yellow

# **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Colorbuild Plus Yellow

**SDS code** : E80101

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Industrial use

Uses advised against

Consumer use

Product use : FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Manufacturer** : Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes by

Rijksstraatweg 31 2171 AJ Sassenheim The Netherlands + 31 (0)71 308 6944 www.sikkensvr.com

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: PSRA\_SSH@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

**Telephone number** : +44 (0)344 892 0111

**Supplier** 

**Telephone number** : + 31 (0)71 308 6944

Hours of operation : 24 hours

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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements**: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

Response : Not applicable.
Storage : Not applicable.
Disposal : Not applicable.
Supplemental label : Not applicable.

elements

**Annex XVII - Restrictions**: Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name                     | Identifiers   | %         | Regulation (EC) No.<br>1272/2008 [CLP]   | Specific Conc.<br>Limits, M-factors<br>and ATEs | Туре    |
|---|---|-----------|--|---|---------|
| <mark>p</mark> -butyl acetate               | REACH #:<br>01-2119485493-29<br>EC: 204-658-1<br>CAS: 123-86-4<br>Index: 607-025-00-1   | ≥10 - ≤19 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>EUH066  | -   | [1]     |
| TRIZINC BIS<br>(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)             | REACH #:<br>01-2119485044-40  | ≥10 - ≤20 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>(M=1)<br>Aquatic Chronic 1,<br>H410 (M=1)   | -   | [1]     |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene    | REACH #:<br>01-2119488216-32<br>EC: 905-588-0<br>Index: 601-022-00-9                    | <10       | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 3,<br>H412 | -   | [1] [2] |
| Isoamyl acetate                             | REACH #:<br>01-2119548408-32<br>EC: 204-662-3   | ≤3        | Flam. Liq. 3, H226   | -   | [2]     |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate             | REACH #:<br>01-2119475791-29<br>EC: 203-603-9<br>CAS: 108-65-6<br>Index: 607-195-00-7   | ≤0.3      | Flam. Liq. 3, H226   | -   | [2]     |
| solvent naphtha<br>(petroleum), light arom. | REACH #:<br>01-2119455851-35<br>EC: 918-668-5<br>CAS: 64742-95-6<br>Index: 649-356-00-4 | ≤0.12     | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2,<br>H411<br>EUH066  | -   | [1]     |
|   |   |           | See Section 16 for<br>the full text of the H<br>statements declared<br>above.  |   |         |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

media

: Do not use water jet.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

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# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

# **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

#### **Danger criteria**

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c      | 5000                            | 50000                   |
| E2       | 200                             | 500                     |

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

## 8.1 Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name                  | Exposure limit values  |
|--|--|
| -butyl acetate                           | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).  STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.                    |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Isoamyl acetate                          | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).  STEL: 541 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.                    |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate          | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 548 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 274 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## **DNELs/DMELs**

| Product/ingredient name           | Type | Exposure         | Value                  | Population | Effects  |
|-----------------------------------|------|------------------|------------------------|------------|----------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and | DNEL | Long term Oral   | 1.6 mg/kg              | -          | Systemic |
| xylene                            |      |                  | bw/day                 |            |          |
|                                   | DNEL | Long term        | 14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | -          | Systemic |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       |                        |            |          |
|                                   | DNEL | Long term        | 77 mg/m³               | Workers    | Systemic |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       |                        |            | -        |
|                                   | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 108 mg/kg              | -          | Systemic |
|                                   |      |                  | bw/day                 |            |          |
|                                   | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 180 mg/kg              | Workers    | Systemic |
|                                   |      |                  | bw/day                 |            |          |
|                                   | DNEL | Short term       | 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers    | Local    |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       |                        |            |          |
|                                   | DNEL | Short term       | 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers    | Systemic |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       | ,                      |            |          |
|                                   | DNEL | Short term       | 289 mg/m³              | Workers    | Systemic |

## **PNECs**

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------|---------------|
| No PNECs available      |                    |       |               |

# 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection

**Gloves** 

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Not recommended: neoprene, PVC, nitrile rubber, butyl rubber

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:

Best Practice Guideline 5 "Safe Use of Gloves" (June 2010) published by the European Solvents Industry Group (ESIG), available at <a href="http://www.esig.org/en/library/publications/best-practice-guides">http://www.esig.org/en/library/publications/best-practice-guides</a>

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use

appropriate, certified respirators.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable

respiratory protective equipment should be used.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : ▼ellow.

Odour threshold : Not available.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available. [DIN EN 1262]

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: 1/26°C (258.8°F)

: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C [Pensky-Martens]

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Createst known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 1.5 kPa (11.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (n-butyl acetate).

Weighted average: 1.26 kPa (9.45 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Fighest known value: 4.5 (Air = 1) (isopentyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.94

(Air = 1)

Relative density: 1.557 [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]

Solubility(ies) : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 379°C (714.2°F) (isopentyl acetate).

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 4.5 cm²/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# 9.2 Other information

No specific data.

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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of : Unde hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide,

carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                  | Result                 | Species    | Dose         | Exposure |
|--|------------------------|------------|--------------|----------|
| <mark>p</mark> -butyl acetate            | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rat        | 390 ppm      | 4 hours  |
|  | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Mouse      | 6 g/m³       | 2 hours  |
|  | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat        | 390 ppm      | 4 hours  |
|  | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit     | >17600 mg/kg | -        |
|  | LD50 Intraperitoneal   | Mouse      | 1230 mg/kg   | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral              | Guinea pig | 4700 mg/kg   | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral              | Mouse      | 6 g/kg       | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral              | Rabbit     | 3200 mg/kg   | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 10768 mg/kg  | -        |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rat        | 5000 ppm     | 4 hours  |
| Isoamyl acetate                          | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit     | >5 g/kg      | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 16600 mg/kg  | -        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate          | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit     | 6 g/kg       | -        |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | LD50 Oral              | Rat        | 8400 mg/kg   | -        |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

N/A

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name       | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure      | Observation |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| <mark>ଜ-</mark> butyl acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg        | -           |
|                               | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                               |                          |         |       | mg            |             |
| Reaction mass of              | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg         | -           |
| ethylbenzene and xylene       |                          |         |       |               |             |
|                               | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5    | -           |
|                               |                          |         |       | mg            |             |
|                               | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 UI | -           |
|                               | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                               |                          |         |       | mg            |             |
|                               | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 %         | -           |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum),  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100  | -           |
| light arom.                   |                          |         |       | microliters   |             |

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Sensitisation** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                                  | Category   | Route of exposure                  | Target organs                                       |
|--|------------|------------------------------------|---|
| P-butyl acetate Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene |            | Not applicable.<br>Not applicable. | Narcotic effects<br>Respiratory tract<br>irritation |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.                 | Category 3 | Not applicable.                    | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects   |

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|--|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

# **Aspiration hazard**

| Product/ingredient name                  | Result                         |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

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# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Eve contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: No specific data. **Eve contact** Inhalation : No specific data. : No specific data. Skin contact : No specific data. Ingestion

# Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

: Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity

Reproductive toxicity

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

## 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

| Product/ingredient name           | Result  | Species  | Exposure   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| r-butyl acetate  Reaction mass of | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water<br>Acute LC50 100000 μg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 185000 μg/l Marine water<br>Acute LC50 62000 μg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Artemia salina<br>Fish - Lepomis macrochirus<br>Fish - Pimephales promelas<br>Fish - Menidia beryllina<br>Fish - Danio rerio<br>Fish - Pimephales promelas | 48 hours<br>96 hours<br>96 hours<br>96 hours<br>96 hours<br>96 hours |
| ethylbenzene and xylene           |   |  |  |

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

| Product/ingredient name      | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| light arom.                  |                   |            |                  |

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                  | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|--|--------|-------------|-----------|
| <mark>ଜ-</mark> butyl acetate            | 2.3    | -           | low       |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | 3.12   | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| Isoamyl acetate                          | 2.25   | -           | low       |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate          | 1.2    | -           | low       |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | -      | 10 to 2500  | high      |

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

**Mobility** 

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **Disposal considerations**

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

## European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

| Waste code    | Waste designation   |
|---------------|---|
| EWC 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

#### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Disposal considerations** 

 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.
 Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.
 Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

|                                    | ADR/RID | IMDG  | IATA   |
|------------------------------------|---------|---|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number        | UN1263  | UN1263  | UN1263   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name       | PAINT   | PAINT   | PAINT  |
| 14.3 Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 3       | 3   | 3  |
| 14.4 Packing<br>group              | III     | III   | III  |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards   | Yes.    | Marine Pollutant(s):<br>trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8

according to 2.2.3.1.5.2. **Tunnel code** (D/E)

IMDG : Emergency schedules F-E, \_S-E\_

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# SECTION 14: Transport information

Viscous substance exemption This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4

to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other **IATA** 

transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB) /REACH

# Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture,

placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC

**VOC for Ready-for-Use** 

**Mixture** 

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

## Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

# **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

# **Seveso Directive**

#### Danger criteria

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Category

P5c E2

## **National regulations**

#### International regulations

# Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

## **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

## Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

# 15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

CEPE code :

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

# Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification                                | Justification                            |  |
|---|--|--|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | On basis of test data Calculation method |  |

# Full text of abbreviated H statements

| <b>⊬</b> 226 | Flammable liquid and vapour.                             |
|--------------|--|
| H304         | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.            |
| H312         | Harmful in contact with skin.                            |
| H315         | Causes skin irritation.                                  |
| H319         | Causes serious eye irritation.                           |
| H332         | Harmful if inhaled.                                      |
| H335         | May cause respiratory irritation.                        |
| H336         | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                       |
| H373         | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated |
|              | exposure.  |
| H400         | Very toxic to aquatic life.                              |
| H410         | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.    |
| H411         | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.         |
| H412         | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.       |

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 **EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 **STOT RE 2, H373** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED **EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT SE 3, H335** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 **STOT SE 3, H336** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

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#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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