

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product identifier : AR7701

Product name : Energy Activator Fast

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of

identification

: 1250085150

Date of issue/ Date of

Date of 199ac/ De

: 12 April 2025

revision

Version : 1.25

Date of previous issue : 9 November 2024

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Coating component.

**Uses advised against**: Not for sale to or use by consumers.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Axalta Coating Systems Germany GmbH & Co. KG

Christbusch 25

DE 42285 Wuppertal

+49 (0)202 529-0

e-mail address of person : sds-competence@axalta.com

responsible for this SDS

Axalta Coating Systems UK Ltd. Unit 1, Quadrant Park, Mundells

GB Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire, AL7 1FS

+44 (0)1707 518 000

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

**Telephone number** : +(44)-870-8200418

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Acute Tox. 4, H332

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Skin Sens. 1, H317

STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 1/18

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

**Contains**: Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

n-butyl acetate

p-toluenesulphonyl isocyanate

dibutyltin dilaurate

hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

**Response**: P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Not applicable.

- I Hete

Supplemental label elements

: EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH204 - Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH205 - Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

articles

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do : Nor not result in classification

: None known.

The mixture may be a skin sensitiser. It may also be a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 2/18

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
Fexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	REACH #: 01-2119485796-17 EC: 931-274-8 CAS: 28182-81-2	≥50 - ≤75	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	REACH #: 01-2119513212-58 EC: 219-784-2 CAS: 2530-83-8	<3	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
p-toluenesulphonyl isocyanate	REACH #: 01-2119980050-47 EC: 223-810-8 CAS: 4083-64-1	<1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335	[1]
dibutyltin dilaurate	REACH #: 01-2119496068-27 EC: 201-039-8 CAS: 77-58-7	≤0.2	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	REACH #: 01-2119457571-37 EC: 212-485-8 CAS: 822-06-0 Index: 615-011-00-1	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 1, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

# **Type**

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 3/18

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eve contact : Imme

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may

be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance

for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been

swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 4/18

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray or mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

. .

: Do not use water jet.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to

drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 5/18

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

## Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO<sub>2</sub> will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

### Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

## Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

### Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold	
<b>₽</b> 5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes	

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limits

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 6/18

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [isocyanates, all, except methyl isocyanate] Inhalation sensitiser.
	STEL 15 minutes: 0.07 mg/m³ (as -NCO). TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as -NCO).
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
dibutyltin dilaurate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [tin compounds, organic, except cyhexatin (ISO)] Absorbed through
	skin. STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m³ (as Sn). TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Sn).
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [isocyanates,
	all, except methyl isocyanate] Inhalation sensitiser.
	STEL 15 minutes: 0.07 mg/m³ (as -NCO). TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as -NCO).

### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
⊮examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
3	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 7/18

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	<b>3</b> .		,
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	ooo mg/m	VVOIROIS	Cysternio
Hydroparhana CO gramatica	DNE		151 ma/m3	Morkoro	Cuatamia
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	DNEL	Long term	151 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]	DNEL	Long term	14.99 ppm	Workers	Systemic
trimethoxysilane		Inhalation			-
	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	- 1 - 1		bw/day	population	- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Dermal			Cystellic
	חארי	Lama tama Dama	bw/day	population	Cuntamie
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	10 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	17 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	70.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-
	DNEL	Short term	26400 mg/	General	Systemic
	- 1 - 1	Inhalation	m³	population	- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,
dibutyltin dilaurate	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.0031 mg/	General	Systemic
dibutyitii diiadrate	DIVLL	Long term Oral			Systemic
	DAIEL	1 4	kg bw/day	population	O t : -
	DNEL	Long term	0.0046 mg/		Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.02 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	, · · · · · ·
	DNEL	Short term	0.059 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	** OI NOI O	Cyclonia
	ראבי			General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.16 mg/		Systemic
		l <u>-</u> .	kg bw/day	population	l
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.43 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	<del>-</del>
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2.08 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		,
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	DNEL	Long term	0.035 mg/	Workers	Local
Tioxamouryiene-di-1300yanate	DIVLE	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	VVOINGIS	Local
	חאבי			Markoro	l oool
	DNEL	Short term	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	vvorkers	Local
		Inhalation			

# **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Marine water	12.7 µg/l	-
	Fresh water	1270 µg/l	-
	Sediment	266700 mg/kg	-
	Soil	53200 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	38.28 mg/kg	-
	Plant		
n-butyl acetate	Soil	0.09 mg/kg	-
·	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	35.6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.098 mg/kg	-

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 8/18

En	ergy Activator Fast				
S	ECTION 8: Exposure contro	ols/personal protect	ion		
	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Sewage Treatment Plant	8.42 mg/l	-	

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be exposed to any process in which this product is used.

### Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Occupational exposure controls.)

### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

## **Skin protection**

### Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

**Gloves** 

: Duration / breakthrough time: <1 hour,

Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber, material thickness as splash protection: at least 0.2 mm, (EN374)

Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber Material thickness for short-term contact: at least

0.5 mm, (EN374) The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this

product is based on information from the following source:

Expert judgment

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of hightemperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

By spraying: air-fed respirator.

By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could

be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

Under cool, dry conditions, it is possible for the isocyanate to remain unreacted in the paint film for up to 30 hours after application. If dry flatting is unavoidable, air-fed respiratory protective equipment should be used.

: 4/12/2025 : 11/9/2024 Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue Version: 1.25 9/18

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Environmental exposure** 

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

controls

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Clear.

Odour : Not available. : Not available. **Odour threshold** 

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

Flammability (solid, gas)

boiling range

: 125 to 181°C (257 to 357.8°F)

: Technically not possible to measure

: Not available. Upper/lower flammability or : Lower: 1.2%

explosive limits

Lower and upper explosive

Upper: 7.5% : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Closed cup: 33°C (91.4°F) Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 280°C (536°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not applicable. pН : Not applicable.

Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. **Viscosity** 

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): <20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Very slightly soluble

Solubility in water : Not available.

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure : 0.55 kPa (4.1 mm Hg)

Relative density : Not available. **Density** : 1.037 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Vapour density : Not available. **Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available. Weight volatiles : 38.7 % (w/w)

**VOC** content : 38.7 % (w/w) (2010/75/EU)

### 9.2 Other information

## 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Further information Not available.

# 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water : No.

Further information Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 : 11/9/2024 Version: 1.25 10/18 Date of previous issue

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

room temperature (=20°C)

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity** : The product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of : In closed containers, pressure build-up could result in distortion, expansion and, in extreme cases, bursting of the container.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols,

water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

10.6 Hazardous
 decomposition products
 i. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric

isocyanates.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers, p-toluenesulphonyl isocyanate, dibutyltin dilaurate, hexamethylene-di-isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### **Acute toxicity**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 11/18

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>F</b> examethylene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	18500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
diisocyanate, oligomers	mists			
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-
aromatios	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	3492 mg/kg	_
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.3 mg/l	4 hours
trimethoxysilane	mists		· ·	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male	4248 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-
dibutyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	2071 mg/kg	-
		Female		
hexamethylene diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	462 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	mists			
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
mixture	N/A	N/A	N/A	18.8	2.6
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	21.1	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	3492	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	7010	4248	N/A	N/A	N/A
dibutyltin dilaurate	2071	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	500	N/A	N/A	0.124	0.462

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	4	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
-	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
-	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

**Mutagenicity** 

Carcinogenicity

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Teratogenicity** 

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 12/18

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
p-toluenesulphonyl isocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1	-	-
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1	-	-

## **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes

of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering

redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

# <u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 13/18

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - danio rerio	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 185 ppm Marine water	Fish - Inland silverside -	96 hours
		Menidia beryllina	
-	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus	96 hours
		mykiss	
-	Acute LC50 324 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 55 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
-	Acute EC50 1 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 463 µg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 >2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae -	96 hours
		Desmodesmus subspicatus	

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
-	-	1 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	Activated sludge

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	-	-	Not readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>H</b> examethylene	5.54	367.7	Low
diisocyanate, oligomers			
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
dibutyltin dilaurate	4.44	2.91	Low
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.02	57.63	Low

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 14/18

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient Mobility

: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

## Hazardous waste

: Yes.

### Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation	
08 05 01*	waste isocyanates	

### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue		
	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances	

### Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
ı	UN1263 PAINT RELATED	UN1263 UN1263 PAINT RELATED PAINT RELATED	UN1263 UN1263 UN1263  PAINT RELATED PAINT RELATED PAINT RELATED

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 15/18

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : Tunnel code (D/E)

**ADN** : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

transported in tank vessels.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

# Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

## Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### **Danger criteria**

## Category

**P**5c

### **National regulations**

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes

## International regulations

## Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 16/18 Date of previous issue

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

	<del>_</del>
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Full text of classifications

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024 Version : 1.25 17/18

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Acute Tox. 1 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 1
Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3

Muta. 2

Repr. 1B

Resp. Sens. 1

Skin Corr. 1B

Skin Irrit. 2

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B

RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of : 4/12/2025

revision

Version : 1.25

Date of previous issue : 11/9/2024

## Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) content is believed to be accurate as of its issue date, but is subject to change as new information is received by Axalta Coatings Systems, LLC or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates (Axalta). This SDS may incorporate information that has been provided to Axalta by its suppliers. Users should ensure that they are referring to the most current version of the SDS. Users are responsible for following the precautions identified in this SDS. It is the users' responsibility to comply with all laws and regulations applicable to the safe handling, use, and disposal of the product.

Users of Axalta products should read all relevant product information prior to use, and make their own determination as to the suitability of the products for their intended use. Except as otherwise required by applicable law, AXALTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The information on this SDS relates only to the specific product identified in Section 1, Identification, and does not relate to its possible use in combination with any other material or in any specific process. If this product is to be used in combination with other products, Axalta encourages you to read and understand the SDS for all products prior to use.

© 2022 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/12/2025 Date of previous issue :11/9/2024 Version :1.25 18/18