

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product identifier : ET740
Product name : Imron® Fleet Line Accelerator
Product type : Liquid.
Other means of identification : 1250051749
Date of issue/ Date of revision : 13 April 2025
Version : 3.01
Date of previous issue : 13 April 2025

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Solvent.
Uses advised against : Not for sale to or use by consumers.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Axalta Coating Systems Germany GmbH & Co. KG
Christbusch 25
DE 42285 Wuppertal
+49 (0)202 529-0

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : sds-competence@axalta.com

Axalta Coating Systems UK Ltd.
Unit 1, Quadrant Park, Mundells
GB Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire, AL7 1FS
+44 (0)1707 518 000

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 2, H225
Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Repr. 1B, H360
STOT SE 3, H336
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification**2.2 Label elements****Hazard pictograms****Signal word**

: Danger

Contains: n-butyl acetate
dibutyltin dilaurate**Hazard statements**: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.**Precautionary statements****Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.**Response**: P391 - Collect spillage.
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.**Storage**

: Not applicable.

Disposal

: Not applicable.

Supplemental label elements: EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH208 - Contains dibutyltin dilaurate. May produce an allergic reaction.**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

: Restricted to professional users.

2.3 Other hazards**Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII**

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.2 Mixtures**

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4	≥75 - ≤90	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
pentane-2,4-dione	REACH #: 01-2119458968-15 EC: 204-634-0 CAS: 123-54-6 Index: 606-029-00-0	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119539452-40	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	EC: 905-588-0		Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) EUH066	[1] [2]
dibutyltin dilaurate	REACH #: 01-2119496068-27 EC: 201-039-8 CAS: 77-58-7	<1	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**Danger criteria**

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c E2	5000 tonnes 200 tonnes	50000 tonnes 500 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1 Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

n-butyl acetate

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)

STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.

ethyl acetate

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)

STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m³.

acetone

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)

STEL 15 minutes: 3620 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 1500 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 1210 mg/m³.

dibutyltin dilaurate

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [tin compounds, organic, except cyhexatin (ISO)] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m³ (as Sn).

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Sn).

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	20.221 ppm	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
pentane-2,4-dione	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	84 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 ppm	Workers	Systemic
ethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

acetone	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	500 ppm	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1210 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
dibutyltin dilaurate	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2420 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.0031 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.0046 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.02 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.059 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.16 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.43 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2.08 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-butyl acetate	Soil	0.09 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Marine water sediment	0.098 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
ethyl acetate	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water sediment	1.15 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water	0.24 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	0.115 mg/kg	-
acetone	Soil	0.148 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	650 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.024 mg/l	-
	Fresh water	10.6 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	1.06 mg/l	-
	Sediment	30.4 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	3.04 mg/kg	-
	Soil	29.5 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.2 Exposure controls

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

- Eye/face protection** : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

- Gloves** : Duration / breakthrough time: <1 hour,
Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber, material thickness as splash protection: at least 0.2 mm, (EN374)
Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber Material thickness for short-term contact: at least 0.5 mm, (EN374)

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:

Expert judgment

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

- Body protection** : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

- Respiratory protection** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

- Environmental exposure controls** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
Colour : Clear.
Odour : Not available.
Odour threshold : Not available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Melting point/freezing point	: Technically not possible to measure
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 125 to 142°C (257 to 287.6°F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Lower: 1% Upper: 11.6%
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 16°C (60.8°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 340°C (644°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
pH	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): 20 mPa·s Kinematic (room temperature): 23 mm²/s Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Soluble

Solubility in water	: Not available.
Miscible with water	: Yes.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	: 2.3 kPa (17.6 mm Hg)
Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.886 g/cm³
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Weight volatiles	: 99.3 % (w/w)
VOC content	: 99.3 % (w/w) (2010/75/EU)

9.2 Other information**9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

Further information Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water : Yes.

Further information Not available.

room temperature (=20°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains dibutyltin dilaurate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
pentane-2,4-dione	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	5.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male	790 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	570 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	6350 to 6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	121236 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 to 4000 mg/kg	-
ethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	22.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
dibutyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	2071 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
mixture	6000.0	5306.9	N/A	39.3	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	21.1	N/A
pentane-2,4-dione	570	790	N/A	5.1	N/A
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
ethyl acetate	5620	20001	N/A	22.6	N/A
acetone	5800	2001	N/A	21	N/A
dibutyltin dilaurate	2071	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	488 mg	-
-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
-	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
-	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
-	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Respiratory or skin sensitization**Mutagenicity****Carcinogenicity****Reproductive toxicity****Teratogenicity****Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1	-	-

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 2	-	-
dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Other information	: Not available.
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SECTION 12: Ecological information**12.1 Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
-	Acute LC50 185 ppm Marine water	Fish - Inland silverside - <i>Menidia beryllina</i>	96 hours
-	Acute EC50 75 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Ceriodaphnia reticulata</i> - Larvae	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 47.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 60.1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	96 hours
-	Acute EC50 2.2 mg/l	Algae - Algae - <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i>	73 hours
-	Acute LC50 1 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	24 hours
-	Acute LC50 2.6 mg/l	Fish - Trout - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 16 mg/l	Micro-organism - Activated sludge - <i>Activated sludge</i>	28 days
-	Acute EC50 2500 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Selenastrum sp.</i>	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 750 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Scud - <i>Gammarus pulex</i>	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 154 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 212.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Indian catfish - <i>Heteropneustes fossilis</i>	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 2.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
-	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	32 days
-	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Calanoid copepod - <i>Acartia tonsa</i> - Copepodid	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 10 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Guppy - <i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphnia - <i>Daphniidae</i>	21 days
-	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
-	Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Mummichog - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	4 weeks
-	Acute EC50 1 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 463 µg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
-	Chronic EC10 >2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
-	OECD 301C	>80 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
pentane-2,4-dione	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
pentane-2,4-dione	0.68	-	Low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.16	-	Low
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	Low
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
dibutyltin dilaurate	4.44	2.91	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods**Product**

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 17*	wastes from paint or varnish removal containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging





Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue
	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Special provisions 640 (C)
Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Special provisions 640 (C)

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Restricted to professional users.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria**Category**

P5c
E2

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes

International regulations**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

🔍 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
 DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
 N/A = Not available
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 RRN = REACH Registration Number
 SGG = Segregation Group
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

SECTION 16: Other information

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Notice to reader

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Imron® Fleet Line Accelerator

SECTION 16: Other information

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